REPORT PREPARED BY

SHARON PROVOS, FINANCE DIRECTOR
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&
THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2023

MEMBER OF GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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June 24, 2024

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Stillwater, Minnesota

Minnesota state law requires that cities with over 2,500 population publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants and submit them to the state auditor. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Stillwater, Minnesota for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Stillwater. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Stillwater has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Stillwater's financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Stillwater's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

U.S. GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Stillwater's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors on page 13.

Profile of the Government

The City of Stillwater, founded in 1843 and incorporated in 1894, is a growing community located in central Washington County on the St. Croix River, approximately 20 miles east of the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area. Stillwater encompasses an area of approximately 5,814 acres and serves a population of 19,425.

The City of Stillwater operates under the "Home Rule Charter" form of government under the provisions of state of Minnesota law. The Mayor is president of the Council and together with the four-member City Council compromises the governing body of the City. The city council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring a city administrator. The city administrator has the responsibility of carrying out the policies and ordinances of the city council, for overseeing the day-to-day operation of the City. The mayor is elected at-large and the Council members are elected by Wards to serve four-year overlapping terms of office.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These services include: general government, public safety (police & fire), public works (streets & fleet), parks and recreation, public improvements, and providing and maintaining sanitary sewer, storm sewer, signs & lighting, water, and parking infrastructure.

The annual budget is the foundation for the City of Stillwater's financial planning and control. All divisions are required to submit appropriations requests to the city administrator for review and consolidation into a proposed budget. The city administrator is responsible for submitting the proposed annual budget to the City Council in August of each year. The city council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt by resolution a final budget and certify it no later than December 30. The budget amounts cannot increase beyond the estimated receipts except to the extent that actual receipts exceed the estimate. Department directors may make transfers of appropriations within a department but transfers of appropriations between departments require council approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons for the General Fund, Special Events, St. Croix Valley Recreation Center, Library, Parks, Downtown Beautification and Washington County Recycling which are the only funds for which an annual budget has been adopted, are provided in this report on pages 89 through 91 and 105 through 108.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Stillwater operates.

Local economy. In the early 1970s, the City's residents and business owners began to encourage the historic preservation of commercial and residential buildings in the community. This movement has gathered momentum, acceptance and regulatory authority since its beginning and has been at least partially responsible for recapturing the historical rivertown character of the downtown business district. It has also encouraged the maintenance and restoration of historic homes in the City's historic residential neighborhoods. Many residences, businesses and shops are housed in buildings more than 125 years old. Approximately eight square blocks of downtown Stillwater and 13 independent structures and sites throughout the City, including seven residential structures, are listed on the National Register of Historic Places. A number of the City's older homes have been restored to their historical character. In addition, a substantial downtown infrastructure improvement project was completed in 1991 and 1992, which included the separation and replacement of the 100-year-old storm sewer and sanitary sewer systems, new streets and sidewalks, and new street lighting. This restoration and preservation movement has generated a significant tourist trade that is important to the City's economy.

The 2040 Comprehensive Plan calls for continued growth and development of the City. The 2040 Comprehensive Plan estimates the City has 480 net developable acres. While most of these lands are in the western portion of the community and along the State Highway 36 corridor, approximately 160 acres are allocated for new residential development with a projection of 1,300 new housing units in the next ten years. There were 17 new homes permitted across 7 new developments. In addition there was also one apartment building with 53 units added.

The City has recently completed development/redevelopment activities in the downtown area: 1) the opening of two new hotels and a hotel addition to a third hotel in downtown Stillwater; 2) MnDOT rehabilitation of the historic Lift Bridge completing a pedestrian/bike recreation Loop Trail from downtown Stillwater into Wisconsin South to the new St. Croix Crossing bridge and trail back to downtown completed in 2020; 3) sidewalk improvement projects in downtown area; 4) riverbank improvement and elevated walkway project along the St. Croix River from downtown South to City limits was completed in 2022; and 5) Chestnut Street Pedestrian Plaza project from Main Street to the historic Lift Bridge was completed in 2023. Additionally, the City has recently seen the completion of one City block to accommodate 61 market-rate rental apartments in the downtown core.

Long-term financial planning. The City completed a Long-Range Financial Plan in 2022/2023. First, the City Council and staff recently updated the 10-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for General Fund related Capital Expenditures. This identifies major projects for capital equipment purchases for 2023-2032. Many of these projects have been pending for years awaiting various forms of approval and funding sources. Total projects preliminary identified in the amount of \$42,414,879. Funding has been aligned with the anticipated capital expenditures. These capital purchases will be reviewed annually during the budget process and approval considered in accordance with the City's purchasing policy. The CIP is easily upgradeable from year to year to assure that it remains dynamic and continually reflects Council's vision and goals.

In addition to planning out the General Fund related Capital Purchasing from 2023-2032, the City forecasted out future staffing needs and ongoing, predictable operational cost factors related to existing personnel. These future potential operational cost increases were calculated in conjunction with the Capital Improvement Plan to provide a long-term financial guideline for the City to follow and measure the impact on property taxes and gauge the impact and preservation of the Fund Balance.

The City has completed upgrades and analysis to Capital Planning for the Recreation Center.

Major Initiatives

The City received a \$6 Million grant from the State of Minnesota from a Bonding Bill. The grant is for the Riverfront Parks development which include Lumberjack Landing, Bridgeview Park and the Lowell Park Gazebo. The total estimated cost of all the park improvements is \$15.5 Million. The \$6 Million will be utilized to make major improvements to these park areas. The City also received a \$1 million donation for the project and will consider a local option sales tax for the remainder of the riverfront park improvement costs.

The City has identified a full upgrade and replacement of the Downtown Street Lights. The agreement with Xcel Energy expired and the City is anticipating the replacement of all downtown street lights in the Fall of 2024. This project is estimated at \$3.8 Million. The upgrades to the street lights will include attachments for banners, flags, security cameras and flowers.

The City conducted a facility study and identified projects to review and examine going forward. The selected projects include the Public Works roof, Recreation Center roof and Library terrace/inverted roof. These roof replacements are anticipated to be completed in 2024 and early 2025 if needed.

The City will be studying the reconstruction of Myrtle Street and Washington Avenue in 2024 with a possible reconstruction for Myrtle Street in 2026 pending the study results and State bonding Bill request.

Importantly, the City took on a major reorganization of downtown parking by expanding the pay zones, altering time limitations and upgrading the infrastructure. This major overhaul will allow the City to keep up with financial costs in relation to parking infrastructure and also project a better user experience.

The City partnered with the Downtown building owners to create a Special Service District in 2024. The partnership will help maintain positive working relationships between downtown and the City. In addition, it will help elevate the service level downtown while offsetting some of the additional costs to the City.

In the Fall of 2023, Lakeview Hospital announced its planned construction of a new Hospital located on a 67-acre parcel just off of Highway 36. This is an estimated \$400 million facility and will bring significant growth and development to the City of Stillwater in the form of development, jobs, services, and economic development.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards the Certificate of Achievement for excellence in financial reporting to cities that meet certain criteria. A governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, the contents of which conform to program requirements. The City of Stillwater received this award for the year ended December 31, 2022. The City of Stillwater anticipates receiving this award for 2023. This marks the 33rd consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City is submitting the 2023 report to GFOA for consideration of the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. We believe our current report continues to conform to the high standards of the Certificate program.

The timely preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the Finance Department, auditors, and other city staff.

We also want to express our appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their support for maintaining the highest standard of professionalism in the management of the financial operation of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Joseph Kehlman

Joseph Kohlmann City Administrator

Sharon Provos Finance Director

Sharm Re



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Stillwater Minnesota

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

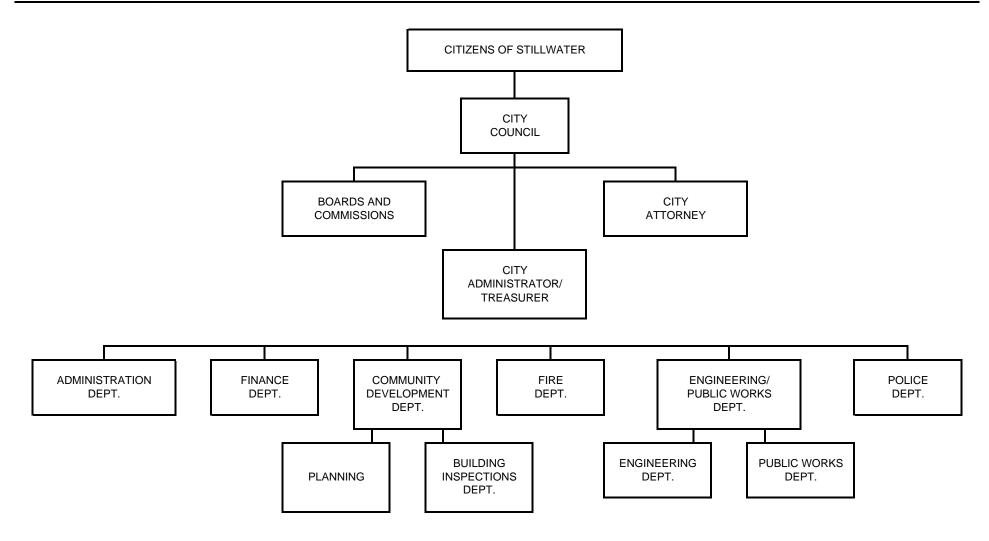
December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Organizational Chart December 31, 2023





LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS December 31, 2023

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor

Ted Kozlowski Term Expires: January 2027

Councilmembers

Ward 1
Ryan Collins
Term Expires: January 2027

Ward 2
David Junker
Term Expires: January 2025

Ward 3
Larry Odebrecht
Term Expires: January 2025

Ward 4
Mike Polehna
Term Expires: January 2027

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Joe Kohlmann, City Administrator/Treasurer
Kori Land, City Attorney
Sharon Provos, Finance Director
Tim Gladhill, Community Development Director
Stuart Glaser, Fire Chief
Shawn Sanders, Public Works Director/City Engineer
Brian Mueller, Police Chief
Mark Troendle, Library Director

FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Stillwater, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Stillwater, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Stillwater's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Stillwater as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Stillwater and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Stillwater's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City of Stillwater's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City of Stillwater's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of the City's proportionate share of net pension liabilities and assets, schedules of pension contributions, the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons schedules. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Stillwater, Minnesota

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Stillwater's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2024**June 25, 2024**, on our consideration of the City of Stillwater's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Stillwater's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Stillwater's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota June 24, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

As management of the City of Stillwater, Minnesota, we offer readers of the City of Stillwater's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Stillwater for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3 through 6 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Stillwater exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$129,154,612 (*net position*). Of this amount, the City has a deficit of \$11,135,832 in unrestricted net position. This consists of a deficit of \$15,381,053 in governmental activities and \$4,245,221 in business-type activities.

- The City's total net position increased by \$8,097,487. This was due primarily to an increase in property
 tax levy and investment returns for the City's governmental activities. It was also a result the overall net
 profit of the City's business-type activities (increase in operating revenues and a decrease in related
 expenses).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Stillwater's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$38,311,346, an increase of \$2,315,924 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 13.8% of this total amount or \$5,286,597 is available for use within the City's policies (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,449,323 or 37% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of Stillwater's total bonded debt decreased by \$680,000 (2.2%) during the current fiscal period. This was the result of the City making regularly scheduled payments on outstanding debt, while also issuing bonds during 2023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

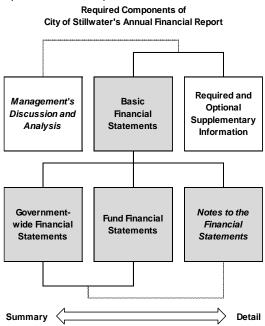
This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Stillwater's basic financial statements. The City of Stillwater's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements.</u> The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Stillwater's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Stillwater's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Stillwater is improving or deteriorating.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Stillwater that are principally supported by taxes, and charges for services (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Stillwater include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities of the City of Stillwater include a sanitary and storm sewer utility, lighting, water and parking program.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements.</u> A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Stillwater, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Stillwater can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental functions* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Stillwater maintains twenty-one individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, St. Croix Valley Recreation Center fund, Library fund, Pandemic Relief fund, Debt Service fund, Capital Projects fund, and TIF Districts fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twelve governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Stillwater adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and certain special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 33 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

Proprietary funds. The City of Stillwater maintains six proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Stillwater uses enterprise funds to account for its sanitary and storm sewer utilities, lighting, water, general parking and parking ramp.

The proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sanitary and storm sewer funds, the lighting fund, the water fund, general parking and the parking ramp fund, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Stillwater.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 36 of this report.

Custodial fund. The City of Stillwater maintains one custodial fund. The City of Stillwater uses the custodial fund to report fiduciary activities related to police evidence that are not required to be reported in pension or OPEB trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds. The basic custodial financial statements can be found on page 37 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 38 through 83 of this report.

Supplementary information. The combining nonmajor governmental fund statements referred to earlier can be found on pages 101 through 104 of this report. Other informational schedules and statements can be found on pages 105 through 121.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS:

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Stillwater, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$129,154,612 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Stillwater's net position, \$109,574,821, or 84.9%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Stillwater uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Stillwater's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED):

Approximately 23.8% or \$30,715,623 of net position represents net position subject to constraints imposed by external creditors, primarily bond covenants, and external donors.

CITY OF STILLWATER'S NET POSITION

	Governmental activities		Business-ty	pe activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Current and other assets	\$ 51,301,697	\$ 48,371,470	\$ 7,127,594	\$ 6,794,544	\$ 58,429,291	\$ 55,166,014	
Capital assets	111,574,832	108,505,374	23,034,577	22,528,239	134,609,409	131,033,613	
Total assets	162,876,529	156,876,844	30,162,171	29,322,783	193,038,700	186,199,627	
Deferred outflows of resources	11,858,019	13,238,408	414,996	744,963	12,273,015	13,983,371	
Non-current liabilities outstanding	50,992,747	60,269,255	2,649,317	3,855,570	53,642,064	64,124,825	
Other liabilities	4,680,177	4,523,400	187,618	266,179	4,867,795	4,789,579	
Total liabilities	55,672,924	64,792,655	2,836,935	4,121,749	58,509,859	68,914,404	
Deferred inflows of resources	16,538,783	9,006,453	1,108,461	1,205,016	17,647,244	10,211,469	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	87,188,271	86,751,341	22,386,550	21,781,668	109,574,821	108,533,009	
Restricted	30,715,623	25,753,577	-	-	30,715,623	25,753,577	
Unrestricted	(15,381,053)	(16,188,774)	4,245,221	2,959,313	(11,135,832)	(13,229,461)	
Total net position	\$102,522,841	\$ 96,316,144	\$ 26,631,771	\$ 24,740,981	\$129,154,612	\$121,057,125	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Stillwater is able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities with unrestricted net position in the governmental activities and in total being the exception.

<u>Governmental activities.</u> Governmental activities increased the City of Stillwater's net position by \$6,206,697. This was due primarily to an increase in property tax levy and increased investment return for the City's governmental activities.

<u>Business-type activities.</u> Business-type activities increased the City of Stillwater's net position by \$1,890,790. The most significant change in net position is a result the sanitary sewer and water funds being able to have revenues exceed expenses during 2023 by \$1,219,145 and \$539,030, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED):

The following chart summarizes the changes in net position for the current fiscal year:

CITY OF STILLWATER'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmenta	al activities	Business-typ	oe activities	Tot	al
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,710,636	\$ 4,919,639	\$ 8,119,809	\$ 7,329,892	\$ 12,830,445	\$ 12,249,531
Operating grants and contributions	1,645,387	1,064,296	-	-	1,645,387	1,064,296
Capital grants and contributions	3,026,427	2,871,236	-	-	3,026,427	2,871,236
General revenues:						
Property taxes	17,457,987	15,589,123	45,275	47,847	17,503,262	15,636,970
Tax increment	2,260,558	2,359,807	· -	· -	2,260,558	2,359,807
Lodging tax	481,045	453,006	_	_	481,045	453,006
Franchise taxes	495,401	494,088	_	_	495,401	494,088
Grants and contribution not restricted	,	•			•	,
for a specific purpose	1,673,964	827,165	_	_	1,673,964	827,165
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	1,466,526	(515,578)	249,634	(63,058)	1,716,160	(578,636)
Total revenues	33,217,931	28,062,782	8,414,718	7,314,681	41,632,649	35,377,463
Expenses:						
General government	6,436,325	8,867,051	_	_	6,436,325	8,867,051
Public safety	8,800,796	7,739,073	_		8,800,796	7,739,073
Public works	3,406,171	1,335,470	_		3,406,171	1,335,470
Culture and recreation	7,550,482	5,956,931	-	_	7,550,482	5,956,931
Economic development	151,948	844,089	-	-	151,948	844.089
Interest on long-term debt	796,133	858,861	-	-	796,133	858,861
Sanitary sewer	190,133	000,001	3,174,098	3,389,979	3,174,098	3,389,979
Storm sewer	-	-	843,254	667,603	843,254	667,603
Lighting	-	-	147,779	447,667	147,779	447,667
Water	-	-	1,711,872	1,343,081	1,711,872	1,343,081
General Parking	-	-	325,406	263,889	325,406	263,889
	-	-	,	,	190,898	,
Parking Ramp	27,141,855		190,898	194,376		194,376
Total expenses	27,141,855	25,601,475	6,393,307	6,306,595	33,535,162	31,908,070
Change in net position	6,206,697	2,461,307	1,890,790	1,008,086	8,097,487	3,469,393
Net position - beginning	96,316,144	93,854,837	24,740,981	23,732,895	121,057,125	117,587,732
Net position - ending	\$102,522,841	\$96,316,144	\$26,631,771	\$24,740,981	\$129,154,612	\$121,057,125

Governmental activities total revenues increased \$5,155,149 from 2022 to \$33,217,931. The primary reasons for this consists of an increase in property taxes of \$1,868,864 and an increase of investment earnings by \$1,982,104 due to more favorable market conditions in 2023.

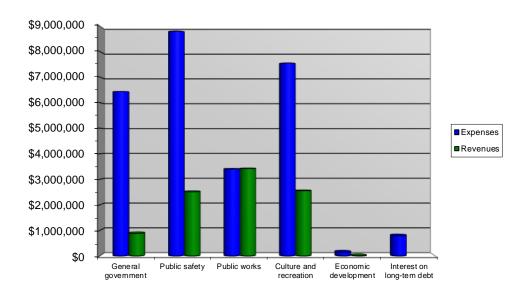
Governmental activities expenses increased \$1,540,380 from 2022 to \$27,141,855. The primary reason for the increase in expenses were related to increased personnel costs (increases in proportionate share of pension liabilities) and increase in OPEB expenses, as well other operating costs for 2023. The increase in expenses were split among all five major functions, with the most significant increases in public works of \$2,096,865 and culture and recreation of \$1,640,522. This was offset by a decrease of \$2,380,934 in general government.

Total business-type revenues increased \$1,100,037 which was a combination of an increase in operating revenues and in interest earnings. Total expenses increased \$86,712, which was primarily all reflected as an increase in the water function of \$368,791 due to additional repairs and maintenance as well as personnel costs shifting to other functions.

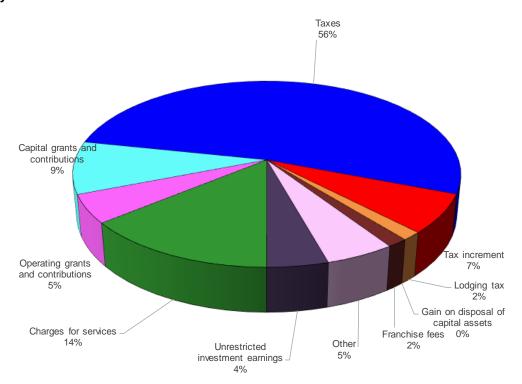
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the government activities' direct program revenues with their expenses. Any shortfalls in direct revenues are primarily supported by property tax levy or general state aid.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



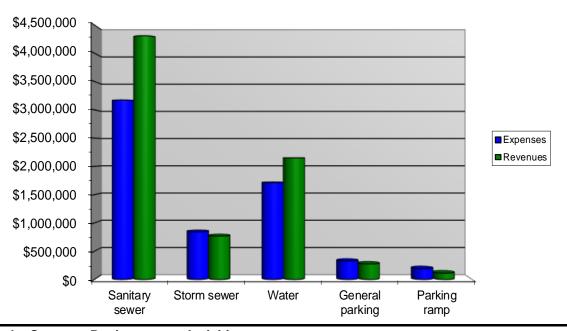
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



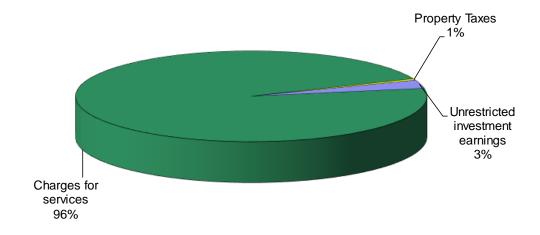
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the business-type activities direct program revenues with their expenses. Excess revenues are retained within each fund until such time that capital replacement is needed.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS:

As noted earlier, the City of Stillwater uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Stillwater's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Stillwater's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Stillwater's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$38,311,346, an increase of \$2,315,924. Of this total, \$25,558,716 is *restricted* due to external limitations on its use, such as debt covenants, legal restrictions, or intention of grantors, donors, or trustees. A total of \$372,938 is considered *nonspendable* because it has been used for prepaid items. A total of \$2,007,199 is *committed* meaning that the City Council established, by resolution, that the fund balance of certain funds will be used for a specific purpose. In addition, a total of \$5,085,896 has been *assigned* meaning that management has delegated this portion to compensated absences and capital construction. Finally, the remaining \$5,286,597 is unassigned and can be used for any lawful purpose.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City of Stillwater. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,449,323, while the total fund balance was \$7,384,255. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 37% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 50% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Stillwater's general fund did increase during the current fiscal year by \$308,691 due primarily to increases in property taxes and ending the year with more revenues than budgeted.

The general fund's revenues were more than its budget by \$689,079. The two largest variances were intergovernmental revenues, which were over budget by \$248,336 and licenses and permits, which were over budget \$303,485, these are both due to the City budgeting conservatively related to licenses and permits as well as grant funding.

In 2023 the General Fund total revenues increased from 2022 by \$1,603,310. While the property tax revenue increased by \$1,145,501 due to an increase in the property tax levy of 10.1%, there was also an increase in intergovernmental revenues by \$125,136 and an increase in investment returns of \$197,189. The General Fund total expenditures increased from 2022 by \$1,171,750. This is mainly due to an increase in the public safety from 2022.

The St. Croix Valley Recreation Center fund has a total fund balance of \$1,810,802. Of this total, \$702 is considered nonspendable and is being used for prepaid items and the remaining \$1,810,100 is committed, by resolution, but available specifically for operations of the St Croix Valley Recreation Center. The fund balance increased by \$139,395 due primarily to the increasing revenues due to rentals and concessions in the center as well as controlling expenditures.

The Library fund has total fund balance of \$180,247. Of this total, \$26,267 is considered nonspendable and is being used for prepaid items and \$153,980 is considered committed, by resolution, and to be used specifically for Library operations. The fund balance decreased by \$50,149 due primarily to expenditures and transfers out exceeding current revenues in 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS (CONTINUED):

The Pandemic Relief fund ended the year with a balance of \$0 as the amount received into this fund is considered unearned until utilized on eligible expenditures.

The Debt Service fund has a total fund balance of \$7,865,151, all of which is restricted for the retirement of related debt. The net increase of \$185,667 is due primarily a transfer in of \$1,002,959 from other funds which offsets the deficiency of expenditures over revenues.

The Capital Projects fund has a total fund balance of \$8,627,092 all of which is restricted or assigned for current and future capital projects. The net decrease of \$138,916 is primarily due to the issuance of debt during 2023 to help fund investments in future capital assets.

The TIF District fund has a total fund balance of \$8,281,967, all of which is restricted for TIF (Tax Increment Financing) related expenditures. The fund balance increased by \$895,972 due to tax increments and other revenues in 2023, exceeding expenditures and transfers out related to the TIF eligible projects (hotel, etc.).

Proprietary funds. The City of Stillwater's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Sanitary Sewer fund has total net position of \$7,486,634. This includes unrestricted net position in the amount of \$1,493,299. Net position increased by \$1,219,145 due primarily to operating revenues related to fee increases and nonoperating revenues exceeding operating expenses during 2023. Any resources available in this fund will be used for future sewer related capital projects.

The Storm Sewer fund has total net position of \$77,735, of which there is a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$332,140. Net position decreased by \$4,155 due primarily to current expenses exceeding revenues in 2023.

The Lighting fund has a total net position of \$294,182. This includes unrestricted net position in the amount of \$222,108. The net position increased by \$358,993 in 2023 due primarily to current revenues exceeding expenses in 2023.

The Water fund has total net position of \$11,917,521, of which \$2,317,959 is unrestricted The net position increased by \$539,030 in 2023 due primarily to having more operating revenues due to fee increases and nonoperating revenues than operating expenses during 2023.

The General Parking fund has total net position of \$1,454,599, of which \$514,311 is unrestricted. Net position decreased by \$145,604 in 2023 due to operating revenues not covering operating expenses during the year. Any resources available in this fund will be used for future parking related capital projects.

The Parking Ramp fund has total net position of \$5,401,100, of which \$29,684 is unrestricted. Net position decreased by \$76,619 in 2023 due to operating revenues not covering operating expenses during the year. Any resources available in this fund will be used for future parking related capital projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS:

Budget Amendments: During the year there were no changes in appropriations between the original budget and the final budget.

Budget to Actual:

Revenues: In 2023, the General Fund exceeded the original budgeted revenue expectations by \$689,079. Some of the variances from the original budget to actual are as follows:

<u>Property Taxes</u>: The City's largest revenue source had a negative budget to actual variance of \$88,968; \$10,390,313 or 99.15% of the budgeted amount was collected.

<u>Intergovernmental Revenue</u>: The City's second largest revenue source had a positive budget to actual variance of \$248,336 which primarily was due to higher than expected state aid.

<u>Charges for services</u>: The City's third largest funding source has a positive budget to actual variance of \$46,181.

<u>Licenses and permits</u>: In 2023, this funding source has a positive budget to actual variance of \$303,485 due to a slightly larger amount of building permits being issued than expected, as this funding source can fluctuate from year to year.

<u>Franchise taxes</u>: This funding source in 2023 has a positive budget to actual variance of \$5,401 due to the timing of receipts.

<u>Net investment income</u>: Interest income when combined with unrealized gains and losses for the general fund resulted in a negative budget to actual variance of \$129,617 in 2023.

Expenditures: In 2023, the General Fund's actual expenditures were more than expected by \$378,131. The largest variances were in the Police department which was over budget by \$367,541, and Plant/City Hall which was over budget \$157,406 due to increases in payroll, supply costs, repair costs, maintenance, and natural gas.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION:

Capital assets. The City of Stillwater's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023, amounts to \$134,609,409 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, office equipment and furniture, vehicles, machinery and equipment, other capital assets, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City of Stillwater's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) was 2.4%.

CITY OF STILLWATER'S CAPITAL ASSETS

(Net of depreciation and amortization)

	Governmental activities		Business-ty	oe activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Land	\$ 13,993,770	\$ 13,993,770	\$ 492,620	\$ 492,620	\$ 14,486,390	\$ 14,486,390	
Buildings and improvements	29,740,986	31,713,618	5,071,650	5,147,750	34,812,636	36,861,368	
Improvements other than buildings	4,305,931	3,823,289	2,410,595	1,958,983	6,716,526	5,782,272	
Machinery and equipment	3,877,241	4,055,060	1,247,417	1,202,869	5,124,658	5,257,929	
Vehicles	2,079,512	2,063,485	357,686	423,286	2,437,198	2,486,771	
Infrastructure	40,095,369	40,093,364	13,192,453	13,149,883	53,287,822	53,243,247	
Construction in process	16,779,031	12,607,706	262,156	151,998	17,041,187	12,759,704	
Right-to-use assets	702,992	559,513		850	702,992	560,363	
Total	\$111,574,832	\$108,909,805	\$ 23,034,577	\$ 22,528,239	\$134,609,409	\$131,438,044	

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found on pages 54 and 55 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Stillwater had total bonded debt outstanding of \$31,165,000. Of this amount \$25,150,000 comprises tax-supported debt, \$1,645,000 is tax increment debt, and \$4,370,000 is revenue-supported debt. Of the total debt, \$25,150,000 is a direct obligation of the City and backed with a pledge of the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the City. The City also has an outstanding note payable in the amount of \$181,462, leases payable of \$299,828, and subscriptions payable of \$397,370.

CITY OF STILLWATER'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

		Total Outstanding Debt				
	2023 2022			2022		
General Obligation Bonds:						
General Government	\$	25,150,000	\$	23,730,000		
Tax Increment		1,645,000		1,855,000		
Revenue Bonds:						
Tax Increment		3,730,000		4,165,000		
Water		640,000		735,000		
Notes Payable:						
Notes Payable		181,462		186,979		
Lease Payable:						
Leases Payable		299,828		157,810		
Subscriptions Payable:						
Subscriptions Payable		397,370		404,431		
Total	\$	32,043,660	\$	31,234,220		

The City of Stillwater's total debt increased by \$809,440 (2.6%) during the current fiscal year. Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found beginning on pages 57 through 60 of this report.

Minnesota state statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt to 3% of the total estimated taxable market value. The current legal debt margin for the City of Stillwater is \$73,675,830. Only \$25,150,000 of the City's outstanding debt is subject to the statutory limit. The calculation for the City's legal debt margin can be found on pages 142 and 143 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) December 31, 2023

The City of Stillwater's bond rating was Aa2 rated by Moody's on November 2, 2023 for the City's general obligation debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES:

- The City's residential taxable market value increased 17.5% in 2023.
- The state revenue forecasts appear to be able to allow the distribution of the City's promised aid payments in 2023, therefore, the City included this aid disbursement in its 2023 budget.
- Increased health care costs were capped at 9.5% in 2023.

The City's appointed officials considered many factors when developing the 2023 budget and establishing the 2022 tax levy collectible in 2023 and the appropriate fees that will be charged by business-type activities. With the focus on sustainability and its adopted strategic plan, the 2023 budget was prepared with emphasis on ensuring current operational needs will be met as well as meeting long-term capital requirements. Through constant adherence to its fiscal policies the City is expected to address long-term financial demands without causing significant fluctuation in the City's tax burden. All of these factors were considered when preparing the City of Stillwater's 2023 fiscal year budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Stillwater's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City of Stillwater, 216 4th Street North, Stillwater, Minnesota, 55082.





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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

	F	Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-type	siness-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 40,979,146	\$ 4,782,663	\$ 45,761,809	
Cash and pooled investments				
- held in escrow	322,167	-	322,167	
Accrued interest receivable	69,465	12,315	81,780	
Receivables (net of allowance				
for uncollectibles)	7,777,993	2,243,782	10,021,775	
Lease receivable	164,175	(400,550)	164,175	
Internal balances	183,552	(183,552)	5.770	
Due from other governments	3,211 372,938	2,559 221,980	5,770 594,918	
Prepaid items Pledges receivable	220,000	221,900	220,000	
Inventories	220,000	47,847	47,847	
Net pension asset	1,209,050	-1,041	1,209,050	
Capital Assets	1,200,000		1,200,000	
Capital assets, nondepreciable	30,772,801	754,776	31,527,577	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	80,099,039	22,279,801	102,378,840	
Capital assets right-to-use assets (net of accumulated amortization)	702,992	· · ·	702,992	
Total assets	162,876,529	30,162,171	193,038,700	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding of bonds	59,780	-	59,780	
Deferred outflows - pensions	10,469,387	245,530	10,714,917	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,328,852	169,466	1,498,318	
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,858,019	414,996	12,273,015	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	726,624	40,422	767,046	
Contracts payable	956,506	39,991	996,497	
Salaries payable	367,090	49,735	416,825	
Due to other governments	334,191	48,272	382,463	
Unearned revenue	1,692,022		1,692,022	
Deposits payable	219,478	500	219,978	
Accrued interest payable	384,266	8,698	392,964	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	4,104,905	132,452	4,237,357	
Total OPEB liability due within one year	539,178	169,466	708,644	
Due in more than one year	30,289,435	712,134	31,001,569	
Total OPEB liability - due in more than one year	7,074,354	801,479	7,875,833	
Net pension liability	8,984,875	833,786	9,818,661	
Total liabilities	55,672,924	2,836,935	58,509,859	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows - leases	157,395	_	157,395	
Deferred inflows - pensions	9,771,087	265,458	10,036,545	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	6,610,301	843,003	7,453,304	
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,538,783	1,108,461	17,647,244	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	87,188,271	22,386,550	109,574,821	
Restricted for:	7.504.774		7 504 774	
Debt service	7,501,771	-	7,501,771	
Capital projects	7,528,708 8,316,849	-	7,528,708	
TIF projects	' '	-	8,316,849 382,606	
General government activities Culture and recreation activities	382,606 2,668,871	-	2,668,871	
Public works activities	260,417	_	260,417	
Public safety activities	951,993	-	951,993	
Fire relief pension	1,209,050	-	1,209,050	
Municipal construction aid - transportation	1,895,358	-	1,895,358	
Unrestricted	(15,381,053)	4,245,221	(11,135,832)	
Total net position	\$ 102,522,841	\$ 26,631,771	\$ 129,154,612	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Charges for Expenses Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$ 6,436,325	\$ 264,975	\$ 619,221	\$ -				
Public safety	8,800,796	1,693,312	820,946	-				
Public works	3,406,171	406,758	77	3,015,083				
Culture and recreation	7,550,482	2,345,591	205,143	2,500				
Economic development	151,948	-	-	8,844				
Debt service	796,133	-	-	-				
Total governmental activities	27,141,855	4,710,636	1,645,387	3,026,427				
Business-type Activities:								
Sanitary sewer	3,174,098	4,309,804	-	-				
Storm sewer	843,254	768,254	-	-				
Lighting	147,779	505,240	-	-				
Water	1,711,872	2,149,868	-	-				
General parking	325,406	275,091	-	-				
Parking ramp	190,898	111,552	-	-				
Total business-type activities	6,393,307	8,119,809						
Total primary government	\$ 33,535,162	\$ 12,830,445	\$ 1,645,387	\$ 3,026,427				

General revenues:

Property taxes

Tax increment

Lodging tax

Franchise taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted for a specific purpose

Unrestricted investment earnings

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, January 1

Net position - December 31

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government							
Go	overnmental		usiness-type				
	Activities		Activities	Total			
\$	(5,552,129)	\$	-	\$ (5,552,129)			
	(6,286,538)		-	(6,286,538)			
	15,747		-	15,747			
	(4,997,248)		-	(4,997,248)			
	(143,104)		-	(143,104)			
	(796,133)		-	(796,133)			
	(17,759,405)		-	(17,759,405)			
	-		1,135,706	1,135,706			
	-		(75,000)	(75,000)			
	-		357,461	357,461			
	-		437,996	437,996			
	-		(50,315)	(50,315)			
			(79,346)	(79,346)			
			1,726,502	1,726,502			
	(17,759,405)		1,726,502	(16,032,903)			
	<u> </u>						
	17,457,987		45,275	17,503,262			
	2,260,558		-	2,260,558			
	481,045		-	481,045			
	495,401		-	495,401			
	1,673,964		-	1,673,964			
	1,466,526		249,634	1,716,160			
	130,621		(130,621)				
	23,966,102		164,288	24,130,390			
	6,206,697		1,890,790	8,097,487			
	96,316,144		24,740,981	121,057,125			
\$	102,522,841	\$	26,631,771	\$ 129,154,612			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

	General	Croix Valley ecreation Center	Library	Pandemic Relief
ASSETS				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 7,232,754	\$ 1,867,356	\$ 231,150	\$ 1,756,416
Cash and pooled investments - held in escrow	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest receivable	10,482	4,183	745	-
Accounts receivable	409,349	57,980	-	-
Taxes receivable:	00.707			
Delinquent Due from county	62,707 68,702	-	-	-
Special assessments receivable:	00,702	-	-	-
Delinquent	6,274			
Noncurrent	143,164	-	-	-
Due from county	540	_	_	-
Due from other governments	3,211	_	_	_
Interfund receivable	379,968	_	_	_
Pledge receivable	-	_	_	_
Prepaid items	327,125	702	26,267	_
Lease receivable	164,175	-		_
Total assets	\$ 8,808,451	\$ 1,930,221	\$ 258,162	\$ 1,756,416
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Contracts payable Salaries payable Due to other governments Unearned revenue Interfund payable Deposits payable Total liabilities	\$ 215,925 46,356 302,380 316,697 - 173,298 1,054,656	\$ 33,933 85,486 - - - - - 119,419	\$ 26,785 1,336 38,594 11,200 - - - - 77,915	\$ 64,394 - - - 1,692,022 - - - 1,756,416
		 -, -	 ,	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Leases	157,395	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue	212,145	 	 	
	369,540	-	-	-
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	327,125	702	26,267	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	1,810,100	153,980	-
Assigned	1,607,807	_	-	-
Unassigned	5,449,323	 -	 -	
Total fund balances	7,384,255	1,810,802	180,247	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 8,808,451	\$ 1,930,221	\$ 258,162	\$ 1,756,416

Debt Service	Capital Projects	TIF Districts	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 7,513,812		\$ 8,269,158	\$ 4,335,085	\$ 40,979,146
322,167		-		322,167
10,494			7,927	69,465
-	1,954,016	-	40,977	2,462,322
20,886	19	4,450	-	88,062
21,858	-	11,539	-	102,099
-	2,981	-	-	9,255
-	4,938,850		-	5,112,446
-	3,272	-	-	3,812
-		400.550	-	3,211
-		183,552	-	563,520
_	220,000 1,292		- 17,552	220,000 372,938
_	. 1,292	- -	17,332	164,175
\$ 7,889,217	\$ 16,911,784	\$ 8,516,826	\$ 4,401,541	\$ 50,472,618
\$ 3,180			\$ 20,831	\$ 726,624
-	807,963	-	15,365	956,506
_	- -	_	26,116 6,294	367,090 334,191
-	- 	-	0,294	1,692,022
-	218,065	_	161,903	379,968
_	36,980		9,200	219,478
3,180	1,224,607	199,977	239,709	4,675,879
-		. <u>-</u>	-	157,395
20,886	7,060,085	34,882	-	7,327,998
20,886	7,060,085	34,882	-	7,485,393
	4 200		47.550	272.020
- 7,865,151	. 1,292 5,147,711	8,281,967	17,552 4,263,887	372,938 25,558,716
7,000,151	J, 147,7 11 -	0,201,907	4,263,667 43,119	25,556,716
_	3,478,089	_ _		5,085,896
-		-	(162,726)	5,286,597
7,865,151	8,627,092	8,281,967	4,161,832	38,311,346
.,000,.01			.,,.	
\$ 7,889,217	\$ 16,911,784	\$ 8,516,826	\$ 4,401,541	\$ 50,472,618

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

Total fund balance - total governmental funds (page 29)	\$ 38,311,346
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (page 25) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Governmental capital assets \$ 191,047,282 Accumulated depreciation (80,175,442)	
Right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Governmental right of use assets and subscriptions 954,275 Accumulated amortization (251,283	
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable resources in the governmental funds.	
Delinquent property taxes and special assessments 97,317 Noncurrent special assessments 5,112,446 Accounts receivable 2,118,235	6
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds payable Note payable Lease payable Compensated absences Total OPEB liability (including deferred in/outflows) Net pension liability (including deferred in/outflows) Net pension asset (including deferred in/outflows)	2) 3) 7) 1) 3) 5 6)
Net position of governmental activities (page 25)	\$ 102,522,841



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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		St Croix Valley		
		Recreation		Pandemic
	General	Center	Library	Relief
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 10,390,313	\$ -	\$ 1,435,610	\$ -
Tax increment	-	-	-	-
Lodging tax	-	-	-	-
Franchise taxes	495,401	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	932,435	-	-	-
Special assessments	10,258	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,568,550	-	-	449,031
Charges for services	1,386,235	1,827,940	4,620	-
Fines and forfeits	70,637	-	-	-
Investment income	154,617	61,705	10,981	-
Net increase in fair value of investments	50,664	31,604	6,161	
Donations	-	-	19,036	-
Miscellaneous	76,418	371,356	6,766	
Total revenues	15,135,528	2,292,605	1,483,174	449,031
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,516,625	-	-	498,515
Public safety	8,331,416	-	-	54,290
Public works	1,869,848	-	-	· -
Culture and recreation	-	1,834,093	1,513,120	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	40,416	5,489	-	50,876
Interest	3,965	507	-	5,424
Bond issuance fees	-	-	-	-
Professional services	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	14,762,270	1,840,089	1,513,120	609,105
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	373,258	452,516	(29,946)	(160,074)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	64,567	-
Transfers out	(64,567)	(313,121)	(84,770)	-
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-
Lease and SBITA's	-	-	-	160,074
Sale of property	-	-	-	-
Premium on issued debt	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(64,567)	(313,121)	(20,203)	160,074
Net change in fund balances	308,691	139,395	(50,149)	-
Fund balances - January 1	7,075,564	1,671,407	230,396	
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 7,384,255	\$ 1,810,802	\$ 180,247	\$ -

;	Debt Service	Capital Projects	TIF Districts	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	4,191,832	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,391,096	\$ 17,408,851
	-	-	2,260,558	-	2,260,558
	-	-	-	481,045	481,045
	-	-	-	-	495,401
	-	-	-	8,875	941,310
	-	1,507,364	8,844	-	1,526,466
	-	446,879	-	954,987	3,419,447
	-	89,106	-	47,035	3,354,936
	-	-	-	386	71,023
	168,429	264,594	265,842	116,928	1,043,096
	39,949	159,733	93,130	42,189	423,430
	-	50,500	-	246,137	315,673
	188	24,071	-	36,059	514,858
	4,400,398	2,542,247	2,628,374	3,324,737	32,256,094
	-	19,057	-	469,112	5,503,309
	-	438	-	1,291	8,387,435
	-	579,298	-	329,890	2,779,036
	-	-	-	1,681,654	5,028,867
	-	1,374	417,028	-	418,402
	-	8,032,044	-	-	8,032,044
	4,180,000	175,255	-	-	4,452,036
	1,023,941	32,738	18,125	-	1,084,700
	-	102,857	-	-	102,857
	13,749	31,501	-	-	45,250
	5,217,690	8,974,562	435,153	2,481,947	35,833,936
	(817,292)	(6,432,315)	2,193,221	842,790	(3,577,842)
	1,002,959	968,160	-	-	2,035,686
	-	-	(1,297,249)	(145,358)	(1,905,065)
	-	4,955,000	-	=	4,955,000
	-	241,402	-	-	401,476
	-	148,500	-	-	148,500
	-	258,169	-	-	258,169
	1,002,959	6,571,231	(1,297,249)	(145,358)	5,893,766
	185,667	138,916	895,972	697,432	2,315,924
	7,679,484	8,488,176	7,385,995	3,464,400	35,995,422
\$	7,865,151	\$ 8,627,092	\$ 8,281,967	\$ 4,161,832	\$ 38,311,346

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 32)		\$ 2,315,924
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (page 26) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense Amortization expense Loss on disposal of capital assets	\$ 9,074,710 (5,809,417) (257,997) (342,269)	2,665,027
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		2,003,027
Unavailable property taxes Unavailable special assessments Unavailable intergovernmental revenues Unavailable pledges	2,859 570,886 704,930 20,000	1,298,675
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, while the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due, however, in the Statement of Activities interest expense is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due. In addition, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is initially issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:		
Bond issued Bond premium Leases and SBITAs issued Principal retirement on bonds and notes Principal retirement on leases and SBITAs Change in accrued interest expense Amortization of premium and loss on refunding	(4,955,000) (258,169) (401,476) 4,185,517 266,519 59,983 269,692	(922.024)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(832,934)
Compensated absences OPEB expense Pension expnese	64,357 2,168,335 (1,472,687)	760 005
Observe in not notition of recommendate activities (new 27)		 760,005
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 27)		\$ 6,206,697

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Sanitary	Storm	(Non-major)	·	General	Parking		
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	Sewer	Sewer	Lighting	Water	Parking	Ramp	Totals	
OF RESOURCES								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 848,324	\$ 297.907	\$ 94,731	\$ 2,792,963	\$ 724,150	\$ 24,588	\$ 4,782,663	
Accrued interest receivable	3,186	1,463	138	5,711	1,735	82	12,315	
Accounts receivable	1,319,258	211,486	167,337	538,755	6,101	830	2,243,767	
Due from other governments	2,559	-	-	-	-	-	2,559	
Inventory	-	-	-	47,847	15	-	47,862	
Prepaid items	199,828	2,982	205	11,030	1,754	6,181	221,980	
Total current assets	2,373,155	513,838	262,411	3,396,306	733,755	31,681	7,311,146	
CAPITAL ASSETS				00.000	100.010	070 704	400.000	
Land	-	-	-	90,000	122,919	279,701 6,024,789	492,620	
Building and other improvements Improvements other than building	2,116,983	-	-	-	39,576 1,735,395	6,024,789	6,064,365 3,852,378	
Machinery and equipment	828,364	538,829	137,796	692,846	158,561	238,485	2,594,881	
Vehicles	887,289	159,687	77,376	159,816	38,051	-	1,322,219	
Infrastructure	10,460,870	-	-	19,949,481	-	-	30,410,351	
Construction in progress	224,797	-	-	37,359	-	-	262,156	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(8,524,968)	(288,641)	(143,098)	(10,681,913)	(1,154,214)	(1,171,559)	(21,964,393)	
Net capital assets	5,993,335	409,875	72,074	10,247,589	940,288	5,371,416	23,034,577	
Total assets	8,366,490	923,713	334,485	13,643,895	1,674,043	5,403,097	30,345,723	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB	58,176	74,696	3,257	92,708	16,693	-	245,530	
Total deferred outflows of resources	40,152 98,328	51,556 126,252	2,248 5,505	63,988 156,696	11,522 28,215		169,466 414,996	
	90,320	120,232	3,303	130,090	20,213		414,990	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 8,464,818	\$ 1,049,965	\$ 339,990	\$ 13,800,591	\$ 1,702,258	\$ 5,403,097	\$ 30,760,719	
outhows of resources	Ψ 0,101,010	Ψ 1,040,000	Ψ 000,000	Ψ 10,000,001	Ψ 1,702,200	Ψ 0,400,001	Ψ 00,100,110	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 9,613	\$ 17,772	\$ (1,256)	\$ 12,107	\$ 664	\$ 1,522	\$ 40,422	
Contracts payable	26,886	1,357	-	9,998	1,275	475	39,991	
Salaries payable Deposits payable	15,062	14,473	689	16,168 500	3,343	-	49,735 500	
Interest payable	_	_	_	8,698	-	-	8,698	
Interfund payable	183,552	_	_	-	-	-	183,552	
Due to other governments	-	15,423	-	32,849	-	-	48,272	
Compensated absences payable	9,843	6,783	831	11,777	3,218	-	32,452	
Revenue bonds payable due within one year	-	-	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	
Total OPEB liability due within one year	40,152	51,556	2,248	63,988	11,522		169,466	
Total current liabilities	285,108	107,364	2,512	256,085	20,022	1,997	673,088	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Compensated absences	42,976	30,155	6,902	42,976	41,098	-	164,107	
Revenue bonds	100.004	242.020	10.621	548,027	- 	-	548,027	
Total OPEB liability due in more than one year Net pension liability	189,904 197,557	243,830 253,659	10,631 11,060	302,624 314,823	54,490 56,687	-	801,479 833,786	
Total noncurrent liabilities	430,437	527,644	28,593	1,208,450	152,275		2,347,399	
Total liabilities	715,545	635,008	31,105	1,464,535	172,297	1,997	3,020,487	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						_		
Deferred inflows - pensions	62,898	80,759	3,521	100,232	18,048	-	265,458	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	199,741	256,463	11,182	318,303	57,314		843,003	
Total deferred inflows of resources	262,639	337,222	14,703	418,535	75,362		1,108,461	
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	5,993,335	409,875	72,074	9,599,562	940,288	5,371,416	22,386,550	
Unrestricted	1,493,299	(332,140)	222,108	2,317,959	514,311	29,684	4,245,221	
Total net position	7,486,634	77,735	294,182	11,917,521	1,454,599	5,401,100	26,631,771	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and net position	\$ 8,464,818	\$ 1,049,965	\$ 339,990	\$ 13,800,591	\$ 1,702,258	\$ 5,403,097	\$ 30,760,719	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Sanitary Sewer	Storm Sewer	Lighting Water		General Parking	Parking Ramp	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 3,917,880	\$ 738,072	\$ 496,877	\$ 2,065,254	\$ 272,573	\$ 111,552	\$ 7,602,208
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services	54,639	433,815	(163,680)	507,144	86,078	-	917,996
Supplies	23,699	60,676	11,991	213,080	31,308	5,314	346,068
Other services and charges	2,749,288	276,978	257,601	481,381	112,490	92,365	3,970,103
Miscellaneous	18,429	20,669	15,059	41,008	1,776	10,925	107,866
Depreciation and amortization	323,196	51,116	26,808	450,825	93,752	82,294	1,027,991
Total operating expenses	3,169,251	843,254	147,779	1,693,438	325,404	190,898	6,370,024
Income (loss) from operations	748,629	(105,182)	349,098	371,816	(52,831)	(79,346)	1,232,184
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment income	71,942	21,585	2,036	80,522	25,588	1,216	202,889
Net increase/decrease in fair value of investments	9,557	8,055	(504)	18,382	9,744	1,511	46,745
Interest expense	(4,847)	-	-	(18,434)	(2)	-	(23,283)
Property taxes	1,940	41,205	-	2,130	-	-	45,275
Other income	391,924	30,182	8,363	84,614	2,518		517,601
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	470,516	101,027	9,895	167,214	37,848	2,727	789,227
Income (loss) before transfers	1,219,145	(4,155)	358,993	539,030	(14,983)	(76,619)	2,021,411
Transfers out					(130,621)		(130,621)
Change in net position	1,219,145	(4,155)	358,993	539,030	(145,604)	(76,619)	1,890,790
NET POSITION							
Net position - January 1	6,267,489	81,890	(64,811)	11,378,491	1,600,203	5,477,719	24,740,981
Net position - December 31	\$ 7,486,634	\$ 77,735	\$ 294,182	\$ 11,917,521	\$ 1,454,599	\$ 5,401,100	\$ 26,631,771

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Sanitary Sewer		Storm Sewer		Lighting	Water		General Parking	- 1	Parking Ramp	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>		Jewei		Lighting			arking		Kanip	Totals
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,782,668	\$	696,509	\$	440,832	\$ 2,070,985	\$	269,796	\$	110,732	\$ 7,371,522
Payments to suppliers	(2,846,283)		(363,904)		(308,726)	(743,847)		(146,464)	•	(133,588)	(4,542,812)
Payments to employees	(545,076)		(500,905)		(38,372)	(606,287)		(121,526)		-	(1,812,166)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	391,309		(168,300)		93,734	720,851		1,806	_	(22,856)	1,016,544
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
State aid subsidy	24		-		8,363	-		7		-	8,394
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	24		30,182		8,363	86,744		7		-	125,320
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Transfer to other funds	(920,418)		(310,073)		(19,841)	(274,153)		(778) (130,621)		(22,418)	(1,547,681) (130,621)
Interest paid	(4,847)				-	(22,300)		(3,572)		-	(30,719)
Principal payments on revenue bonds	(4,047)				-	(95,000)		(3,372)		-	(95,000)
Principal payments on leases	_		_		_	(95,000)		(865)		_	(865)
Proceeds from taxes, assessments, connections	393,840		41,205		_	_		2,511		_	437,556
Net cash used by capital and related	000,010		11,200				•	2,011			107,000
financing activities	(531,425)		(268,868)		(19,841)	(391,453)		(133,325)		(22,418)	(1,367,330)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Investment earnings	80,832		29,573		1,443	97,894		35,264		2,792	247,798
Net cash provided by investing activities	80,832		29,573		1,443	97,894		35,264		2,792	247,798
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(59,260)		(377,413)		83,699	514,036		(96,248)		(42,482)	22,332
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	907,584		675,320		11,032	2,278,927		820,398		67,070	4,760,331
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$ 848,324	\$	297,907	\$	94,731	\$ 2,792,963	\$	724,150	\$	24,588	\$ 4,782,663
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Operating income (loss)	\$ 748.629	\$	(105,182)	\$	349.098	\$ 371.816	\$	(52,831)	\$	(79.346)	\$ 1.232.184
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	•	•	(,)	•	- 10,000	•	•	(==,===,	•	(,)	¥ 1,===,101
cash provided (used) by operating activities:											
Depreciation and amortization expense	323,196		51,116		26,808	450,825		93,752		82,294	1,027,991
Other income	· -		· -		· -	· -		· -		· -	-
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows:											
Accounts receivable	(135,212)		(41,563)		(56,045)	5,231		(2,777)		(820)	(231,186)
Due from other governments	126		-		-	2,286		(15)		-	2,397
Prepaid items	(11,648)		1,522		609	(5,597)		(605)		(5,574)	(21,293)
Deferred outflows - pensions	91,381		39,290		27,181	50,258		12,654		-	220,764
Deferred outflows - OPEB	49,227		16,565		15,943	21,452		6,016		-	109,203
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:											
Accounts and contracts payable	15,455		(21,810)		(24,684)	(11,620)		(270)		(19,310)	(62,239)
Customers deposits	-		-		-	500		-		-	500
Salaries payable	(4,760)		(4,567)		(3,636)	(1,783)		(5,127)		-	(19,873)
Due to other governments			14,707		-	6,553		-		(100)	21,160
Due to other funds	(58,800)		-		-	-				-	(58,800)
Compensated absences payable	(44,928)		(35,482)		(21,384)	(53,472)		2,469		-	(152,797)
Total OPEB liability	(226,827)		(52,829)		(80,106)	(70,136)		(23,640)		-	(453,538)
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(180,435)		(33,290)		(66,192)	(45,118)		(17,286)		-	(342,321)
Net pension liability	(230,677)		(72,722)		(76,094)	(94,538)		(27,343)		-	(501,374)
Deferred inflows - pensions	56,582		75,945		2,236	94,194		16,809			245,766
Total adjustments	(357,320)		(63,118)		(255,364)	349,035	_	54,637	_	56,490	(215,640)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 391,309	\$	(168,300)	\$	93,734	\$ 720,851	\$	1,806	\$	(22,856)	\$ 1,016,544

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Fund December 31, 2023

	Cust	Custodial Fund		
		Police vidence		
ASSETS		_		
Cash and investments	\$	12,213		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, organizations, and				
other governments	\$	12,213		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Cust	odial Fund
ADDITIONS	-	Police vidence
ADDITIONS Miscellaneous	\$	
DEDUCTIONS Payments to individuals		
NET DECREASE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		-
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year		12,213
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	12,213

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Stillwater operates under the "Home Rule Charter" form of government under the provisions of the state of Minnesota law. The Mayor is the president of the Council and together with the City Council comprises the governing body of the City, which is responsible for directing the activities of the City. The City provides the following services: police and fire protection, highways and streets, parks, storm sewer, sanitary sewer, planning, zoning, and general administration.

The basic financial statements of the City of Stillwater have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

COMPONENT UNIT

As required by U.S. GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Stillwater and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component include whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's board, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. The City has one entity that qualifies as a blended component unit, the Economic Development Authority (EDA) as the EDA is governed by the City Council. The EDA has not had any activity since it was established and therefore is not reported within these financial statements.

OTHER ORGANIZATION

The Stillwater Fire Relief Association is organized as a nonprofit organization, legally separate from the City, by the members to provide pension and other benefits to such members, in accordance with Minnesota statutes and the Association's by-laws. Its board of directors is appointed by the membership of the Association and not by the City Council. The Association issues its own set of financial statements. All funding is conducted in accordance with applicable Minnesota statutes, whereby state aids flow to the Association. The Association pays benefits directly to its members. Because the Association is fiscally independent of the City, the financial statements of the Association have not been included as a component of the City's reporting entity.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. As a general rule, the effect of Interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City enterprise funds and various other functions of government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts: (a) net investment in capital assets; (b) restricted net position; and (c) unrestricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the City's governmental activities and different business-type activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

St. Croix Valley Recreation Center Special Revenue Fund

This fund is used to account for the operation of the sports facility in Stillwater. Revenue sources for this fund are provided by the fees generated by the facility and are committed for operations.

Library Special Revenue Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's library. This fund is primarily funded with committed general property taxes.

Pandemic Relief Special Revenue Fund

This fund is used to account for the federal money received to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic and the related expenditures.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted for the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

TIF Districts Fund

This fund is used to account for restricted financial resources to be collected by and used in the City's tax increment financing districts.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sanitary Sewer Fund

The sanitary sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial and industrial establishments of the City.

Storm Sewer Fund

The storm sewer fund accounts for the provision of storm sewer service to the residents and commercial and industrial establishments of the City.

Lighting Fund

The lighting fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's lighting system.

Water Fund

The water fund accounts for the provision of water service to the residents and commercial and industrial establishments of the City.

General Parking Fund

The parking fund accounts for the operation of parking facilities located in downtown Stillwater.

Parking Ramp Fund

The parking fund accounts for the operation of parking ramp located in Stillwater.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund:

Police Evidence Custodial Fund

The Custodial Fund is used to report fiduciary activities related to police evidence that are not required to be reported in pension or OPEB trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide, fiduciary activities, and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City reports unavailable revenue on its governmental fund balance sheets. Unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received prior to the incurrence of the qualifying expenditure. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the amounts are removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connections with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General fund and other major special revenue funds as follows: St. Croix Valley Recreation, and Library Fund The City also adopts a budget for the nonmajor governmental Parks fund. Special Events fund, Community Beautification fund and Washington County Recycling Grant fund which are presented in the combining and individual fund section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A budget is not legally adopted for Pandemic Relief Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally approved by passage of a resolution.
- 4. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between funds and may approve additional expenditures for departments in excess of the amount budgeted.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and other budgeted funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the debt service and the capital projects funds because effective budgetary control is achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions and project contracts.

F. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in investments authorized by Minnesota statutes. Earnings from investments are allocated to individual funds on the basis of the fund's equity in the cash and investment pool.

The City provides temporary advances to funds that have insufficient cash balances by means of an advance from another fund shown as interfund receivables in the advancing fund, and an interfund payable in the fund with the deficit, until adequate resources are received. These interfund balances are eliminated for the statement of net position presentation.

Investments are stated at their fair value as determined by quoted market prices, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less which are recorded at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors. Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and U.S. Treasury and agency obligations. Investments in external investment pools that meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 79 are valued at amortized costs. If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria established by this Statement, that pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, as amended.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary funds, the cash equivalents are considered to be all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. All of the cash and investments allocated to the proprietary funds have original maturities of 90 days or less. Therefore, the entire balances in such funds are considered cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded under the consumption method.

H. INVENTORIES

The inventories of the water fund are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method) and are recorded as an expense when consumed.

I. PROPERTY TAX LEVY AND REVENUE RECOGNITION

On or before July 1 each year, all departments of the City submit budget requests to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared and a tax levy adopted for the following fiscal year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and department and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Revenue estimates are prepared by the Finance Department, including the estimated tax levy needed to support City expenditures.

The proposed budget and tax levy is presented to the City Council for review by August 31. The City Council reviews and makes changes to the proposed budget and tax levy. By September 30, a "proposed tax levy" is certified to the state of Minnesota and Washington County.

Minnesota statutes require the counties to send out preliminary tax notices to all property owners showing the prior year's tax levy and proposed tax levy, including dollars and percentage increase or decrease between years for all taxing jurisdiction.

After November 25, and before December 25, Minnesota statutes require the City to hold a public meeting and present the budget and proposed tax levy to the citizens. The City Council must adopt the final budget and "final tax levy" after closing the public meeting. The final tax levy must be less than or equal to the proposed tax levy.

The final tax levy must be certified to Washington County by December 31 or the previous year's tax levy will be used by default.

The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the City, the local School District, and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Real property taxes are payable (by property owners) on May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. Personal property taxes are payable by taxpayers on February 28 and June 30 of each year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the City on or before July 15 and December 15 of the same year. Delinquent collections for November and December are received the following January. The City has no ability to enforce payment of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. PROPERTY TAX LEVY AND REVENUE RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

Within the governmental fund financial statements, the City recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes and state credits received by the City in July, December, and the following January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes and credits not received at the year-end are classified as delinquent and due from county taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the City in January is fully offset by a deferred inflow for unavailable revenue because it is not available to finance current expenditures. Property tax levies in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

J. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE RECOGNITION

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with state statutes. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term of years usually consistent with the term of the related bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County Auditor in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to (and often do) prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Within the fund financial statements, the revenue from special assessments is recognized by the City when it becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. In practice, current and delinquent special assessments received by the City are recognized as revenue for the current year. Special assessments are collected by the County and remitted by December 31 (remitted to the City the following January) and are also recognized as revenue for the current year. All remaining delinquent and noncurrent assessments receivable in governmental funding are completely offset by unavailable revenues. Special assessment levies in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City Council or court action. If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale and the first proceeds of that sale (after costs, penalties and expenses of sale) are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Generally, the City will collect the full amount of its special assessments not adjusted by City Council or court action. Pursuant to state statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural, or seasonal recreational land in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

K. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Any resulting short-term loan balances are classified as interfund receivables and payables. The noncurrent portion of interfund loans, if any, is reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable from available financial resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, sidewalks, streetlights, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets have been capitalized retroactively to 1980.

Capital assets exceeding the City's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Because surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for City purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation. Useful lives vary from 3 to 30 years for buildings, office furniture and equipment, vehicles, machine shop and equipment, and other assets, and 25 to 80 years for infrastructure. Capital assets not being depreciated include land and construction in progress.

Right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

M. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Sick leave and vacation benefits accrue to employees based upon their term of employment and in accordance with the individual labor agreements.

Vested or accumulated vacation or sick leave is accrued as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The current portion is calculated based on historical trends. Governmental funds report the use of accrued vacation and sick as a period cost.

N. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bond issue costs are considered a current year cost of issuing debt and fully expensed in the year incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issue costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issue costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. FUND BALANCE

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – portions of fund balance related to prepaids, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus on any permanent fund.

Restricted – funds are constrained by external parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.).

Committed – fund constraints are established and modified by a resolution approved by the City Council.

Assigned – consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints are established by the City Council and/or management. The City Council by adoption of a formal fund balance policy delegates the authority to assign fund balance to the City Administrator and Finance Director.

Unassigned – is the residual classification for the General Fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, it is the City's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available, it is the City's policy to use committed first, then assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

The City formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy establishes an unassigned fund balance range of 35% - 50% of the total operating expenditures.

P. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund service transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

All interfund transactions are eliminated except for activity between governmental activities and business-type activities for presentation in the entity-wide statement of net position and statement of activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The City reports deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position or balance sheet, that represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods. The City has three types of deferred outflows of resources for the government wide financial statements: (1) deferred charges on refunding of bonds; (2) OPEB related items; and (3) pension related items. The deferred charges will be amortized over the remaining life of the applicable bonds. In addition, the City reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, see Notes 6 and 7 for additional detail related to deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

R. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The City's governmental activities and governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future. The City will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs. The City has one type of item which occurs relating to revenue recognition: The deferred inflow of resources occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the City's year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. In addition, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, see Notes 6 and 7 for additional detail related to deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

In addition, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to leases. The lease related deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the start of the lease term that relates to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

S. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset)/liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the (asset)/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense associated with the City's requirement to contribute to the Stillwater Fire Department Relief Association Plan, information about the Plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the Stillwater Fire Department Relief Association Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

T. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City of Stillwater provides a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical insurance benefit, the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense were measured actuarially in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, based on entry age normal cost method.

U. NEWLY ADOPTED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). This standard requires the recognition of certain subscription assets and liabilities for agreements that previously were classified as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the foundational principle that SBITAs are financing of the right-to-use and underlying asset. Under this standard, a subscriber is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset.

The City adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2023, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

NOTE 2 <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Deposits

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and the balance sheet as "Cash and pooled investments." In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at financial institutions which are authorized by the City Council.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk instead follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits. Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledges must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes: U.S. government treasury bills, notes, or bonds; issues of U.S. government agency; general obligations of state or local government rated "A" or better; revenue obligations of a state or local government rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank; and time deposits insured by a federal agency. Minnesota Statutes require securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or at an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned by the depository.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City's deposits at December 31, 2023 in the amount of \$359,036 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by surety bonds and collateral in accordance with Minnesota Statutes.

Investments

Minnesota Statutes authorize the City to invest in the following:

- a) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- b) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- c) General obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- d) General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- e) Bankers' acceptance of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- f) Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and maturing in 270 days or less.
- g) Guaranteed investment contracts guaranteed by the United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks or United States insurance companies if similar debt obligations of the issuer or the collateral pledged by the issuer is the top two rating categories.
- h) Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- Any security which is an obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and rated in the highest category by a national bond rating services or enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to section 126C.55.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 2 <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

At December 31, 2023, the City's investment balances were as follows:

Cash Investments Held by Trustee:

Туре	 Value
Money Market Funds - With Trustee	\$ 322,167

The investments held by the trustee invested in a money market mutual fund (which are rated AAA-mf) that invests in U.S. treasury securities. These investments are held by escrow agents in accordance with escrow agreements established with the sale of the \$6,585,000 Tax Increment Refunding Bonds, Series 2016C.

The escrow account balances as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Escrow account balance:

\$6,585,000 Tax Increment Refunding Bonds, Series 2016C \$ 322,167

The escrow account for the Series 2016C Bonds will be used to pay interest payments on the current bond issue and refund the (i) the February 1, 2017 through 2026 maturities of the City's Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (*The Lofts of Stillwater Project*), Series 2006 dated July 20, 2006; (ii) the Taxable Increment Revenue Note, Series 2003 (*Terra Springs Project*) and (iii) the Taxable Tax Increment Note, Series 2004 (*Terra Springs Project*). These funds are also recorded in the City's financial statements as a part of the debt service fund.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting the City's exposure to interest rate risk, the City's investment policy limits 25% of the City's total investment portfolio to maturities not to extend beyond five years and under no circumstance should any investment maturity extend beyond 10 years without prior City Council approval. As of December 31, 2023, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Value	Less Than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	5 to 10 Years
\$ 26,005,318	\$ 26,005,318	\$ -	\$ -
6,354,447	2,247,028	3,656,014	451,405
322,167	322,167	-	-
10,361,231	2,501,730	7,859,501	-
2,693,990	746,710	1,947,280	
\$ 45,737,153	\$ 31,822,953	\$ 13,462,795	\$ 451,405
	\$ 26,005,318 6,354,447 322,167 10,361,231 2,693,990	Value 1 Year \$ 26,005,318 \$ 26,005,318 6,354,447 2,247,028 322,167 322,167 10,361,231 2,501,730 2,693,990 746,710	Value 1 Year Years \$ 26,005,318 \$ 26,005,318 \$ - 6,354,447 2,247,028 3,656,014 322,167 322,167 - 10,361,231 2,501,730 7,859,501 2,693,990 746,710 1,947,280

NOTE 2 <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy does not further address credit risk beyond what is prescribed in Minnesota Statute §118A. As of December 31, 2023, the investments, as rated by Standard & Poor's, had the following ratings:

	Credit	
Туре	Quality Rating	Amount
Money Market Funds	AAA	\$ 26,005,318
Municipal Bonds	AA+	6,354,447
Money Market Funds - With Trustee	Aaa-mf	322,167
Negotiable CDs	Not Rated	10,361,231
U.S. Agencies:		
Federal Home Loan Banks	AA+	2,693,990
Total		\$ 45,737,153

Concentration of Risk

The City places no limit on the amount that the City may invest in any one issuer but limits individual investment instrument amounts to \$500,000 or less. As of December 31, 2023, there were no investments which individually comprise more than 5% of the City's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk, is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside part. The City has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

Fair Value Measurements

The City uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The City follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

In accordance with this standard, the City has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the combined statements of financial position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

Assets measured a fair value on a recurring basis:

	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total	
Municipal Bonds	\$	-	\$ 6,354,447	\$	-	\$ 6,354,447	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		-	10,361,231		-	10,361,231	
U.S. Agencies							
Federal Home Loan Banks			2,693,990		-	2,693,990	
	\$		\$ 19,409,668	\$		19,409,668	
Investments measured at amortized cost						26,327,485	
Total Investments						\$ 45,737,153	

Investments measured at amortized cost as of December 31, 2023 include money market investments and participating interest-earning investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less.

Components of Cash and Investments

Total Investments	\$ 45,737,153
Deposits	359,036
Total	\$ 46,096,189
Governmental Activities	\$ 41,301,313
Business-Type Activities	4,782,663
Custodial Fund	12,213
Total	\$ 46,096,189

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance *	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 13,993,770	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,993,770
Construction in Process	12,607,706	6,643,346	2,472,021	16,779,031
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	26,601,476	6,643,346	2,472,021	30,772,801
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Other Improvements	55,983,607	-	4,673	55,978,934
Improvements Other Than Buildings	8,692,828	910,381	-	9,603,209
Machinery and Equipment	13,205,002	646,708	1,119,719	12,731,991
Vehicles	5,587,328	443,611	1,191,475	4,839,464
Infrastructure	74,619,674	2,501,209		77,120,883
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	158,088,439	4,501,909	2,315,867	160,274,481
Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Other Improvements	24,269,989	1,972,632	4,673	26,237,948
Improvements Other Than Buildings	4,869,539	427,739	-	5,297,278
Machinery and Equipment	9,149,942	681,431	976,623	8,854,750
Vehicles	3,523,843	228,411	992,302	2,759,952
Infrastructure	34,526,310	2,499,204		37,025,514
Total Accumulated Depreciation	76,339,623	5,809,417	1,973,598	80,175,442
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	81,748,816	(1,307,508)	342,269	80,099,039
Right-to-Use Assets, Being Amortized:				
Leases Machinery and Equipment Subscription Based Information Technology	252,476	241,402	104,108	389,770
Arrangements*	404,431	160,074		564,505
Total Right-to-Use Assets, Being Amortized	656,907	401,476	104,108	954,275
Accumulated Amortization for:				
Leases Machinery and Equipment Subscription Based Information Technology	97,394	103,316	104,108	96,602
Arrangements*		154,681		154,681
Total Accumulated Amortization Total Right-to-Use Assets, Being	97,394	257,997	104,108	251,283
Amortized, Net	559,513	143,479		702,992
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 108,909,805	\$ 5,479,317	\$ 2,814,290	\$ 111,574,832

^{*} Restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, see Note 1.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows (continued):

	Beginning Balance * Increases Decreases		Increases Decreases								Decreases		ecreases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:																	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated																	
Land	\$ 492,620	\$	-	\$	-	\$	492,620										
Construction in Process	151,998		211,180		101,022		262,156										
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	644,618		211,180		101,022		754,776										
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:																	
Buildings and Other Improvements	6,064,365		-		-		6,064,365										
Improvements Other Than Buildings	3,239,851		612,527		-		3,852,378										
Machinery and Equipment	2,659,821		227,280		292,220		2,594,881										
Vehicles	1,322,219		-		-		1,322,219										
Infrastructure	29,760,436		649,915				30,410,351										
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	43,046,692		1,489,722		292,220		44,244,194										
Accumulated Depreciation for:																	
Buildings and Other Improvements	916,615		76,100		-		992,715										
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,280,868		160,915		-		1,441,783										
Machinery and Equipment	1,456,952		117,181		226,669		1,347,464										
Vehicles	898,933		65,600		-		964,533										
Infrastructure	16,610,553		607,345		-		17,217,898										
Total Accumulated Depreciation	21,163,921		1,027,141		226,669		21,964,393										
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	21,882,771		462,581		65,551		22,279,801										
Right-to-Use Assets, Being Amortized:																	
Buildings and Other Improvements	5,299		-		5,299		-										
Accumulated Amortization for:																	
Buildings and Other Improvements	4,449		850		5,299												
Total Right-to-Use Assets, Being Amortized, Net	850		(850)		<u>-</u>												
Business-Type Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,528,239	\$	672,911	\$	166,573	\$	23,034,577										

^{*} Restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, see Note 1.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 1,147,389
Public safety	598,040
Public works	2,852,524
Culture and recreation	 1,469,461
Total depreciation and amortization	
expense, governmental activities	\$ 6,067,414

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:

Sanitary sewer	\$ 323,196
Storm sewer	51,116
Lighting	26,808
Water	450,825
General Parking	93,752
Parking Ramp	82,294
Total depreciation and amortization	
expense, business-type activities	\$ 1,027,991

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 4 LEASES

LEASES RECEIVABLE

The City, acting as lessor, leases space for cellular services under a long-term, non-cancelable lease agreement. The lease expires in 2042. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized \$3,065 and \$8,935 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to this contract. The Lease has a discount rate of 5.42%

The lease provides for increases in future minimum annual rental payments based on defined increases in the Consumer Price Index, subject to certain minimum increases.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31,	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 3,235	\$ 8,764
2025	3,415	8,585
2026	3,605	8,395
2027	4,439	8,186
2028	5,597	7,903
2029-2033	35,223	34,402
2034-2038	54,790	22,335
2039-2043	53,871	5,255
Total	\$ 164,175	\$ 103,825

LEASE LIABILITY

The City acting as lessee, leases a building, vehicles, and equipment under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various times through 2027 and have a discount rate of 6.25%

The right-to-use assets and related accumulated amortization are detailed in Note 3.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities					
December 31,	F	Principal		Interest			
2023	\$	75,144	\$	14,399			
2024		76,526		10,461			
2025		72,605		6,409			
2026		54,561		2,838			
2027		20,992		205			
Total	\$	299,828	\$	34,312			

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The City issues general obligation bonds for general government, improvement, revenue, and tax increment activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the City. The general government bonds outstanding are to be repaid from primarily with general tax. The revenue bonds are expected to be paid from revenues generated from the project. The tax increment bonds outstanding are to be paid from the pledged tax increment revenues.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

## PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Activities: G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds:		Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Payable 12/31/23
G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds: \$9,215,000 Bonds of 2014A 04/08/14 02/01/40 3.24% \$9,215,000 \$5,730,000 \$6,400,000 Bonds of 2016A 04/14/16 02/01/24 1.27% 6,505,000 1,550,000 \$3,405,000 Bonds of 2017A 06/29/17 02/01/32 1.40% - 3.00% 3,405,000 1,405,000 \$5,935,000 Bonds of 2018A 08/28/18 02/01/39 3.00% - 4.00% 5,935,000 \$2,770,000 Bonds of 2019A 09/19/19 02/01/29 5.00% 2,770,000 1,540,000 \$2,455,000 Bonds of 2021A 09/27/21 02/01/32 5.00% 2,455,000 2,455,000 3,965,000 \$4,955,000 Bonds of 2022A 05/24/22 02/01/33 4.00% 3,965,000 4,955,000 Total G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds G.O. Tax Increment Bonds: \$2,450,000 Refunding Bonds of 2016B 04/14/16 02/01/30 1.79% 2,450,000 1,645,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds: \$6,585,000 Bonds of 2016C 07/28/16 02/01/30 3.21% 6,585,000 3,730,000	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:					
\$9,215,000 Bonds of 2014A 04/08/14 02/01/40 3.24% \$9,215,000 \$5,730,000 \$6,400,000 Bonds of 2016A 04/14/16 02/01/24 1.27% 6,505,000 1,550,000 \$3,405,000 Bonds of 2017A 06/29/17 02/01/32 1.40% - 3.00% 3,405,000 1,405,000 \$5,935,000 Bonds of 2018A 08/28/18 02/01/39 3.00% - 4.00% 5,935,000 3,685,000 \$2,770,000 Bonds of 2019A 09/19/19 02/01/29 5.00% 2,770,000 2,455,000 \$3,965,000 \$4,955,000 Bonds of 2022A 05/24/22 02/01/34 08/03/23 02/01/34 08/03/23 02/01/34 02/01/30 02/01/30 02/01/30 1.79% 2,450,000 1,645,000	Governmental Activities:					
\$6,400,000 Bonds of 2016A	G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds:					
\$3,405,000 Bonds of 2017A	\$9,215,000 Bonds of 2014A	04/08/14	02/01/40	3.24%	\$ 9,215,000	\$ 5,730,000
\$5,935,000 Bonds of 2018A	\$6,400,000 Bonds of 2016A	04/14/16	02/01/24	1.27%	6,505,000	1,550,000
\$2,770,000 Bonds of 2019A	\$3,405,000 Bonds of 2017A	06/29/17	02/01/32	1.40% - 3.00%	3,405,000	1,405,000
\$2,455,000 Bonds of 2021A	\$5,935,000 Bonds of 2018A	08/28/18	02/01/39	3.00% - 4.00%	5,935,000	3,685,000
\$3,965,000 Bonds of 2022A	\$2,770,000 Bonds of 2019A	09/19/19	02/01/29	5.00%	2,770,000	1,540,000
\$4,955,000 Bonds of 2023A	\$2,455,000 Bonds of 2021A	09/27/21	02/01/32	5.00%	2,455,000	2,320,000
Total G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds 30,285,000 25,150,000 G.O. Tax Increment Bonds: \$2,450,000 Refunding Bonds of 2016B 04/14/16 02/01/30 1.79% 2,450,000 1,645,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds: \$6,585,000 Bonds of 2016C 07/28/16 02/01/30 3.21% 6,585,000 3,730,000	\$3,965,000 Bonds of 2022A	05/24/22	02/01/33	4.00%	3,965,000	3,965,000
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds: \$2,450,000 Refunding Bonds of 2016B Tax Increment Revenue Bonds: \$6,585,000 Bonds of 2016C 07/28/16 02/01/30 3.21% 6,585,000 3,730,000	\$4,955,000 Bonds of 2023A	08/03/23	02/01/34	4.00% - 5.00%	4,955,000	4,955,000
\$2,450,000 Refunding Bonds of 2016B 04/14/16 02/01/30 1.79% 2,450,000 1,645,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds: \$6,585,000 Bonds of 2016C 07/28/16 02/01/30 3.21% 6,585,000 3,730,000	Total G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds				30,285,000	25,150,000
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds: \$6,585,000 Bonds of 2016C 07/28/16 02/01/30 3.21% 6,585,000 3,730,000	G.O. Tax Increment Bonds:					
\$6,585,000 Bonds of 2016C 07/28/16 02/01/30 3.21% 6,585,000 3,730,000	\$2,450,000 Refunding Bonds of 2016B	04/14/16	02/01/30	1.79%	2,450,000	1,645,000
	Tax Increment Revenue Bonds:					
Total hands, governmental activities	\$6,585,000 Bonds of 2016C	07/28/16	02/01/30	3.21%	6,585,000	3,730,000
Total bonds, governmental activities 59,525,000 50,525,000	Total bonds, governmental activities				39,320,000	30,525,000
Water Fund	Water Fund					
2013A G.O. Revenue Bonds 07/01/13 02/01/29 2.00% - 3.50% 1,425,000 640,000	2013A G.O. Revenue Bonds	07/01/13	02/01/29	2.00% - 3.50%	1,425,000	640,000
Total reporting entity general obligation bonds \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Total reporting entity general obligation bonds					\$ 31,165,000

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation debt are as follows:

Years Ending	 G.O. Capital O	utlay I	Bonds	G.O. Tax Incr	ement	Bonds
December 31,	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2024	\$ 2,575,000	\$	884,105	\$ 215,000	\$	36,644
2025	2,780,000		845,586	220,000		30,119
2026	2,730,000		737,314	230,000		23,369
2027	2,420,000		630,523	240,000		17,519
2028	2,095,000		537,376	240,000		12,719
2029 - 2033	8,705,000		1,467,523	500,000		10,578
2033 - 2037	2,825,000		430,028	-		-
2039 - 2043	1,020,000		35,865	-		-
Total	\$ 25,150,000	\$	5,568,320	\$ 1,645,000	\$	130,948

	Governmental Activities									
Years Ending		Tax Increment	Reveni	ıe Bonds		Notes F Direct Be	•			
December 31,	Principal		Interest		P	rincipal		nterest		
2024	\$	445,000	\$	123,825	\$	5,940	\$	3,563		
2025		460,000		110,250		6,380		3,434		
2026		475,000		96,225		6,841		3,305		
2027		490,000		81,750		7,321		3,168		
2028		500,000		64,400		7,824		3,029		
2029 - 2033		1,360,000		60,600		47,451		12,534		
2033 - 2037		-		-		63,687		7,147		
2039 - 2043		-		-		36,018		968		
Total	\$	3,730,000	\$	537,050	\$	181,462	\$	37,148		

	 Business-type Activities				
Year Ending	G.O. Revenue Bonds				
December 31,	Principal		Interest		
2024	\$ 100,000	\$	19,375		
2025	100,000		16,375		
2026	105,000		13,300		
2027	110,000		9,800		
2028	110,000		5,950		
2029 - 2033	115,000		2,013		
Total	\$ 640,000	\$	66,813		

G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds

Series 2014A, \$9,215,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued April 8, 2014 with a final maturity date of February 2, 2040 at 3.24% interest were used to finance various capital equipment purchases and construct a new fire station.

Series 2016A, \$6,400,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued April 14, 2016 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2024 at 1.27% interest were used to refinance the outstanding portions of the GO Capital Outlay Bonds Series 2005B on February 1, 2017.

Series 2017A, \$3,405,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued June 29, 2017 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2032 with interest rates varying between 1.40% and 3.00% were used provide funding for the renovation and remodeling of the police station, street improvements and public works security improvements.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

Series 2018A, \$5,935,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued August 28, 2018 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2039 at varying interest rates between 3.00% and 4.00% were used to provide funding for various street improvement projects and the addition to the St. Croix Valley Recreational Center.

Series 2019A, \$2,770,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued September 19, 2019 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2029 at an interest rate of 5.00% were used to provide funding for 2019 capital outlay needs of various City departments and various street improvement projects.

Series 2021A, \$2,455,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued September 27, 2021 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2032 at 5% interest were used to provide funding for the acquisition of capital equipment for the City and provide for various capital outlay and street improvement projects.

Series 2022A, \$3,965,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued May 24, 2022 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2033 at an interest rate of 4.00% were used to provide funding for various capital improvements and street projects during the year.

Series 2023A, \$4,955,000 Capital Outlay bonds issued November 2, 2023 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2034 at an interest rates between 4.00% and 5.00% were used to provide funding for various capital improvements and street projects during the year.

G.O. Tax Increment Bonds

Series 2016B, \$2,450,000 GO Tax Increment Refunding Bonds issued April 14, 2016 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2030 at an interest rate of 1.79% were used to refinance the outstanding portion of the GO Tax Increment Bonds, Series 2008B on February 1, 2019.

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds

Series 2016C, \$6,585,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds issued July 28, 2016 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2030 at 3.21% interest were used to refinance the outstanding portions of the Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2006 and Taxable Tax Increment Revenue Note on February 1, 2017.

Water Fund Bonds

Series 2013A, \$1,425,000 GO Revenue bonds issued July 1, 2013 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2029 at varying interest rates of 2.00% and 3.50% were issued to provide funding for water system improvements and to provide funding for the AMR upgrades.

Notes Payable - Direct Borrowing

The City has a direct borrowing with a local bank which had an original amount of \$219,480 at a fixed interest rate of 1.95% with final maturity of April 1, 2041. In the event of a default the lender has the right to make any remaining unpaid principal due in full and payable immediately.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

CHANGE IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a schedule of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Payable 12/31/2022 *	Additions	Retirements	Payable 12/31/2023	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
Bonds payable:					
G.O. Capital Outlay Bonds	\$ 23,730,000	\$ 4,955,000	\$ 3,535,000	\$ 25,150,000	\$ 2,905,000
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	1,855,000	-	210,000	1,645,000	215,000
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	4,165,000	-	435,000	3,730,000	445,000
Unamortized premium	1,412,065	258,169	287,361	1,382,873	-
Total bonds payable	31,162,065	5,213,169	4,467,361	31,907,873	3,565,000
Note Payable - Direct Borrowing	186,979	-	5,517	181,462	5,940
Lease liability	157,810	241,402	99,384	299,828	75,144
Subscription liability	404,431 *	160,074	167,135	397,370	171,717
Compensated absences	1,672,164	861,820	926,177	1,607,807	287,104
Governmental activities					
Long-term liabilities	33,583,449	6,476,465	5,665,574	34,394,340	4,104,905
Business-type activities					
Bonds payable	735,000	-	95,000	640,000	100,000
Unamortized premium	10,706	-	2,679	8,027	-
Lease liability	865	-	865	-	-
Compensated absences	349,356	119,625	272,422	196,559	32,452
Business-type activities					
Long-term liabilities	1,095,927	119,625	370,966	844,586	132,452
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 34,679,376	\$ 6,596,090	\$ 6,036,540	\$ 35,238,926	\$ 4,237,357

^{*} Restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, see Note 1.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The portion of noncurrent liabilities broken out as due within one year on the Statement of Net Position includes the current amount of the total OPEB liability in the amount of \$7,08,644.

SBITA's

The City acting as lessee, leases a IT software under long-term, non-cancelable subscription agreement. The leases expire at various times through 2025 and have a discount rate of 6.25%.

The right-to-use assets and related accumulated amortization are detailed in Note 3.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity under subscription agreements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
F	Principal		Interest	
\$	171,717	\$	15,911	
	138,338		6,022	
	87,315		745	
\$	397,370	\$	22,678	
		Principal \$ 171,717 138,338 87,315	Principal I \$ 171,717 \$ 138,338 87,315	

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE

Plan Description

The City of Stillwater participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined-benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined-benefit pension plans are tax-qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

The Police and Fire Fund, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Fund also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2023, were \$394,957. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

2. Police and Fire Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City of Stillwater was required to contribute 17.70% for Police and Fire Plan members. The City of Stillwater's contributions to the Police and Fire fund for the year ended December 31, 2023, were \$753,046 The City of Stillwater's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Pension Costs

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$4,221,875 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$116,411.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0755% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0745% for the beginning of the period.

	 City	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,221,875	
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net		
pension liability associated with the entity	 116,411	
Total	\$ 4,338,286	

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City of Stillwater recognized pension expense of \$824,320 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City of Stillwater recognized an additional \$12,080 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the reported proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and					
Actual Economic Experience	\$	138,648	\$	29,084	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		683,463		1,157,180	
Net Difference Between Projected					
and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan					
Investments		-		157,884	
Differences Between City					
Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		224,641		-	
City Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		196,486			
Total	\$	1,243,238	\$	1,344,148	

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Pension Costs (Continued)

\$196,487 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City of Stillwater contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Pension Expense			
December 31,		Amount		
2024	\$	281,488		
2025		(600,971)		
2026		113,673		
2027		(91,586)		
2028		-		
Thereafter		_		

2. Police and Fire Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$5,596,786 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.3241% at the end of the measurement period and 0.3061% for the beginning of the period.

The state of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The contribution consisted of \$9.0 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9.0 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9.0 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2022. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9.0 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90% funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90% funded, whichever occurs later.

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Pension Costs (Continued)

The state of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9.0 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,824,502 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized \$29,169 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$9.0 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The state of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$29,169 for the year ended December 31, 2023 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

5,596,786

225,442

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At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$ 1,543,222	\$	-	
6,494,617		7,869,147	
-		268,673	
538,653		83,299	
410,731		-	
\$ 8,987,223	\$	8,221,119	
s	\$ 1,543,222 6,494,617 - 538,653 410,731	of Resources of \$ 1,543,222	

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Pension Costs (Continued)

The \$410,731 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Per	sion Expense			
December 31,	Amount				
2024	\$	402,142			
2025		125,483			
2026		1,445,657			
2027		(274,075)			
2028		(1,343,834)			
Thereafter		-			

3. Total PERA Pension Costs

The City recognized total pension expense of \$2,660,902 for both the General Employees and Police and Fire Fund plans. This includes \$836,400 for the General Employees Fund and \$1,824,502 for the Police and Fire Fund. Including the City's pension costs related to the Fire Relief Association, as disclosed on page 78, the City's cumulative pension costs for all of its pension plans total \$2,835,173.

Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The state Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	33.5%	5.10%
International Stocks	16.5%	5.30%
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Unallocated Cash	0.0%	0.00%
Totals	100.0%	

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0%. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return on investment return rates deemed to be reasonably by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employees Plan, 2.25% for the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees Plan. The Police and Fire Plan benefit increase is fixed at 1% per year and that increase was used in the valuation.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service. In the Correctional Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.0% at age 20 to 3.0% at age 60.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience studies for the Police and Fire and the Correctional Plan were completed in 2020 were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2023:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

 The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5% to 7.00%

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5% minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5% to 7.00%.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.4% to 7.0%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50% vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100% after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0% will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate for the General Employees Plan used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Primary Government

Description		% Decrease n Discount Rate	Cur	rent Discount Rate	 Increase in scount Rate
GERF Discount Rate	,	6.00%		7.00%	 8.00%
City's Proportionate Share of the	_				
GERF Net Pension Liability	\$	7,468,837	\$	4,221,875	\$ 1,551,126
PEPFF Discount Rate City's Proportionate Share of the		6.00%		7.00%	8.00%
PEPFF Net Pension Liability	\$	11,104,690	\$	5,596,786	\$ 1,068,551

A. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

B. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Five council members of the City of Stillwater are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5% of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2% of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of one percent (0.25%) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City of Stillwater during fiscal year 2023 were:

Contribution Amount			nount	Percentage of	Required	
E	Employee	En	nployer	Employee	Employer	Rate
\$	1,472	\$	1,472	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%

C. STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

Plan Description

Firefighters of the City of Stillwater are members of the Stillwater Fire Department Relief Association. The Association is the administrator of the single-employer defined benefit pension plan available to firefighters. The plan is administered pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69, Chapter 424A, and the Association's by-laws. As of December 31, 2022, membership includes 35 active participants and 1 terminated employees entitled to benefit but not yet receiving them. The plan issues a stand-alone financial statement.

C. STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

Authority for payment of pension benefits is established in *Minnesota Statutes* §69.77 and may be amended only by the Minnesota state legislature. Each member who is at least 50 years of age, has retired from the Fire Department, has served at least 20 years of active service with such department before retirement shall be entitled to a lump sum service pension in the amount of \$9,800 for each year of active Fire Department service but not exceeding the maximum amount per year of service allowed by law for the minimum average amount of available financing per firefighter as prescribed by law.

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes §424A.02, Subds. 2 and 4, members who retire with 10 years of service and have reached the age of 50 years are eligible for a retirement benefit. Members who retire before full retirement age and years of service requirements are eligible for a reduced benefit, based on the vesting schedule as set forth in Minnesota Statutes §424A.02, Subd. 2(c). During the time a member is on early vested pension, they are not eligible for disability benefits.

Disability and death benefits provisions of the Association's plan are that the member or member's beneficiaries shall be paid an amount equivalent to the accrued retirement liability at the time of disability or death.

Minnesota Statutes Section 424A.10 provides for the payment of a supplemental benefit equal to 10% of a regular lump sum distribution up to a maximum of \$1,000. The supplemental benefit is in lieu of state income tax exclusion for lump sum distributions and will no longer be available if state tax law is modified to exclude lump sum distributions from state income tax. The Association qualifies for these benefits.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.772 specifies minimum support rates required on an annual basis. The minimum support rates from the municipality and from state aid are determined as the amount required to meet the normal cost plus amortizing any existing prior service costs over a 10-year period. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the municipal support are the same as those used to compute the accrued pension liability. The association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, there are no payroll expenditures (i.e. there are no covered payroll percentage calculations).

The minimum contribution from the City of Stillwater and state aid is determined as follows:

Normal Cost

- + Amortization Payment on Unfunded Accrued Liability Prior to Any Change
- + Amortization Contribution on Unfunded Accrued Liability Attributed to Any Change
- + Administrative Expenses
- Anticipated State Aid
- Projected Investment Earnings
 - Total Contribution Required

The Plan is funded in part by fire state aid and, if necessary, City contributions. The state of Minnesota distributed to the City \$249,549 in fire state aid paid by the City to the Relief Association for the year ended December 31, 2023. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contribution to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$0.

C. STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported an asset of \$1,209,050 for the Association's net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023.

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the Relief Association, the City recognized public safety expense of \$174,271 for the year ended December 31, 2023. At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

Description		red Outflows Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual	'			_
Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	351,702
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		484,456		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		119,576
Total	\$	484,456	\$	471,278
	<u> </u>	10 1, 100	Ψ	17 1,270

The City was not statutorily required to make contributions to the Association subsequent to the measurement date, so no related deferred outflows of resources were reported. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Association's pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension Expense			
December 31,		Amount		
2024	\$	(80,171)		
2025		17,320		
2026		77,382		
2027		119,196		
2028		(40,182)		
Thereafter		(80,367)		

C. STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial total pension liability was determined as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date 12/31/2022
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Dollar
Closed Basis

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 5.75% Investment Rate of Return 5.75%

20-Year Municipal Bond Yield N/A (No unfunded liabilities)

Salary Increases 2.50%

Age of Service Retirement 50% at age 50, 20% at ages 51-56, 100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These asset class estimates are combined to produce the portfolio long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the current asset allocation percentage (or target allocation, if available) and by adding expected inflation.

The best estimate of expected future real rates of return were developed by aggregating data from several published capital market assumption surveys and deriving a single best estimate based on the average survey values. These capital market assumptions reflect both historical market experience as well as diverse views regarding anticipated future returns. The expected inflation assumption was developed based on an analysis of historical experience blended with forward-looking expectations available in market data.

Best estimates of geometric real and nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's asset allocation as of the plans valuation date of January 1, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Allocation at December 31, 2022	Expected Portfolio Weight	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return
Cash	10.00%	8.00%	2.00%
Equities	52.00%	49.00%	8.10%
Fixed Income	36.00%	43.00%	3.90%
Other	2.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Portfolio	100.00%		5.75%

C. STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.75%. Assets were projected using expected benefit payments and expected asset returns. Expected benefit payments were discounted by year using expected assets return assumption for years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the municipal bond rate of return. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Pension Liability (Asset) Sensitivity

The following presents the City of Stillwater's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Association, calculated using the discount rate of 5.75%, as well as what the Association's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.75%) than the current rate:

Salactad

		Selected		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Incre	ase
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,143,107)	\$ (1,209,050)	\$ (1,2	72,557)
Discount Rate	4.75%	5.75%		6.75%

Plan's Fiduciary Net Position

Assets	
Money Market	\$ 258,807
Mutual Funds	2,129,168
Equity Securities	2,215,229
Total Assets	\$ 4,603,204
Net Position	
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 4,603,204
Revenues	
Fire State Aid	\$ 205,477
Reimbursement of Overpayment	664
Total Revenues	206,141
Expenses	
Investment Income (Expense)	757,917
Trustee Fees	1,400
Professional Services	14,850
Total Expenses	 774,167
Change in Net Position	(568,026)
Beginning Net Position	5,171,229
Ending Net Position	\$ 4,603,203

C. STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Plan's Fiduciary Net Position (Continued)

Information about the changes in the Plan's net pension liability (asset) is a follows:

	2023
Total Pension Asset	
Service Cost	\$ 154,879
Interest	169,280
Gain or Loss	(155,102)
Changes of Assumptions	(30,412)
Plan Changes	186,008
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	 324,653
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 3,069,500
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	3,394,153
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
State Contributions	206,141
Net Investment Income	276,474
Administrative Expenses	(16,250)
Gain or Loss	(1,034,392)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(568,027)
	5 474 000
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 5,171,230
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	 4,603,203
Association's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (1,209,050)

NOTE 7 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City provides benefits for retirees as required by *Minnesota Statute* §471.61 subdivision 2b through single-employer plans. Active employees, who started before January 1, 1989 and retire from the City when eligible for PERA benefits, are eligible for free medical coverage for themselves and their families for life. Active employees, who started after January 1, 1989 and retire the City when eligible for PERA benefits, may continue coverage with respect to both themselves and their eligible dependent(s) under the City's health benefits program. Pursuant to the provisions of the plan, retirees are required to pay the total premium cost. For the governmental activities, postemployment health care benefit liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund

<u>...</u>

Employees covered by benefit terms at December 31, 2023:

	City
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently	_
receiving benefit payments	63
Active plan members	95
Total	158

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 7 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

B. CONTRIBUTIONS AND FUNDING POLICY

The City funds their OPEB obligations on a pay as you go basis. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. For fiscal year 2023, the City contributed \$589,047 to the plan.

C. TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all period included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

<u>Valuation date:</u>

Measurement date:

January 1, 2023

Measurement date:

January 1, 2023

Methods and assumptions used:

Actuarial cost method Entry age, level percentage of pay

Actuarial assets None

> closed basis for differences between expected and actual experience and assumption changes

Discount rate 4.00%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield 4.00%
Inflation rate 2.50%

Salary increases Service Graded Table

6.25% in 2023, grading to 5% over 6 years and then to 4.00% over the next 48 years. 4.00% used to project Medicare supplement rates. Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-weighted Mortality Tables with MP-

2021 Generational Improvement Scale

D. DISCOUNT RATE

Medical trend rate

Mortality

The City's plan is not funded by a trust and therefore, the City use the 20-year municipal bond index rate to develop its long-term rate of return and discount rate. This rate was 4.00% in the current actuarial valuation, which was updated from the 2.0% used in the prior actuarial valuation.

NOTE 7 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

E. CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The details of the changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows for 2023:

	Increase (decrease) in total OPEB
Balance at 12/31/2022	liability \$ 10,629,192
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	16,973
Interest	207,062
Assumption changes	(1,532,785)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(146,918)
Benefit payments	(589,047)
Net changes	(2,044,715)
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$ 8,584,477

The following changes in assumptions occurred between the current and prior actuarial valuation:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 4.00%.
- The Medicare Supplement trend rated increased from 4.00% to 4.50%
- The retirement and withdrawal rates for non-public-safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- These changes decreased the liability \$1,532,785

The following changes in plan experience occurred between the current and prior actuarial valuation:

- There was a liability gain of \$230,232 due to updated census data.
- There was a liability loss of \$82,314 gain due to claims and premiums lower than expected.

There were no plan changes that occurred between the current and prior actuarial valuation.

There were no actuarial method changes that occurred between the current and prior actuarial valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 7 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

F. SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.00%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.00)%	(4.00)%	(5.00)%
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 9,557,092	\$ 8,584,477	\$ 7,765,225

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5% decreasing to 5.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5% decreasing to 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(5.5%	(6.5%	(7.5%
	Decreasing to	Decreasing to	Decreasing to
	4.00%)	6.00%)	
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 7,794,045	\$ 8,584,477	\$ 9,503,618

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 7 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

G. OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized OPEB (revenue) of (\$2,044,715). At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of	
B	Resources	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic			
Experience	\$ -	\$ 6,303,715	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	860,596	1,149,589	
Contributions after the Measurement Date and Before			
the Reporting Date	637,722		
Total	\$ 1,498,318	\$ 7,453,304	

A total of \$637,722 for the City was reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the City's OPEB plan will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending OPEB Expe	
December 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (1,854,706)
2024	(2,369,001)
2025	(2,369,001)

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 8 STEWARDSHIP COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Net Position and Fund Balance

On December 31, 2023, the following funds had a deficit net position or fund balance:

Amount

Nonmajor Fund - Emergency Management \$ (162,726)

Expenditures in Excess of Adopted Budget

On December 31, 2023, the following funds had expenditures in excess of its adopted budget and were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and use of fund balance:

General Fund \$ 380,388 St Croix Valley Recreation Center Fund 191,254

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCE

At December 31, 2023, the City had various fund balances through legal restriction and City Council authorization. Major fund balance appropriations at December 31, 2023 are shown on the various balance sheets as segregations of the fund balance. The fund balances are as follows:

	Total	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned
General Fund						
Prepaid items	\$ 327,125	\$ 327,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Compensated absences	1,607,807	-	-	-	1,607,807	-
Ongoing operations	5,449,323					5,449,323
Total General Fund	7,384,255	327,125	-	-	1,607,807	5,449,323
St Croix Valley Recreation Center Fund	t					
Prepaid items	702	702	-	-	-	-
Ongoing operations	1,810,100			1,810,100		
Total St Croix Valley Rec Fund	1,810,802	702	-	1,810,100		-
Library Fund						
Prepaid items	26,267	26,267	-	-	-	-
Ongoing operations	153,980			153,980		
Total Library Fund	180,247	26,267		153,980	-	-
Debt Service Fund						
Debt Service	7,865,151	-	7,865,151	-	-	-
Capital Projects Fund						
Capital asset acquisitions	5,149,003	1,292	5,147,711	-	-	-
Capital construction	3,478,089				3,478,089	
Total Capital Projects Fund	8,627,092	1,292	5,147,711	-	3,478,089	-
TIF Districts Fund						
Eligible TIF related projects	8,281,967		8,281,967			

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

	Total	Nor	spendable	R	estricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned
Other Governmental Funds								
Prepaid Items	\$ 17,552	\$	17,552	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
General government:								
Tourism promotion	106,336		-		106,336	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	220,230		-		220,230	-	-	-
Culture and recreation:								
Special events	6,723		-		-	6,723	-	-
Library activities	205,261		-		205,261	-	-	-
Trailhead (bicycle)	16,805		-		16,805	-	-	-
Lumberjack Landing	815,131		-		815,131	-	-	-
Parks	138,601		-		138,601	-	-	-
Park equipment	8,062		-		8,062	-	-	-
Wick Estate	11,857		-		11,857	-	-	-
Miscellaneous park activities	1,498,021		-		1,498,021	-	-	-
Public works:								
Community beautification	36,396		-		-	36,396	-	-
Recycling activities	260,417		-		260,417	-	-	-
Emergency Management	(162,726)		-		-	-	-	(162,726)
Miscellaneous	10,950		-		10,950	-	-	-
Public safety	972,216		-		972,216	-	-	-
Total Other Governmental Funds	4,161,832		17,552		4,263,887	43,119	-	(162,726)
Total Fund Balances	\$ 38,311,346	\$	372,938	\$ 2	25,558,716	\$ 2,007,199	\$ 5,085,896	\$ 5,286,597

NOTE 10 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Individual fund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable	Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects	\$ 218,065
TIF Districts	Sanitary Sewer	183,552
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	161,903
Total		\$ 563,520

The internal balances (as shown on the statement of net position), between the TIF Districts fund and Sanitary Sewer fund was for lift station repairs.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

NOTE 11 <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS</u>

Funds are transferred from one fund to support expenditures of other funds in accordance with authority established for the individual fund. Transfers were initiated to fund capital projects, debt service, and fund operations. Transfers between individual major funds, and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate fund types during the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	
Library	General Fund	\$	64,567
Debt Service Fund	St. Croix Valley Recreation Center		165,710
Capital Projects Fund	St. Croix Valley Recreation Center		147,411
Capital Projects Fund	Library Fund		84,770
Debt Service Fund	TIF Fund		837,249
Capital Projects Fund	TIF Fund		460,000
Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor		145,358
Capital Projects Fund	General Parking Fund		130,621
Total		\$	2,035,686

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to: torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of City assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City has entered into a joint powers agreement with the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) to protect the City in the event of loss. The LMCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for Minnesota cities. The agreement for formation of the LMCIT provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of reserved amounts for each insured event. The pool can make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining.

The City has determined that it is not possible to estimate the amount of such additional assessments, if any; however, they are not expected to be material to these financial statements. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during 2023 and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the current year and prior three years.

The state of Minnesota mandates and regulated workers' compensation insurance and the City of Stillwater also purchased this required coverage from the LMCIT.

NOTE 13 TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY

The City is the administering authority for the following tax increment financing districts:

District name Development district # City tax increment district # County tax increment district #	Cu	rve Crest Villa 1 9 70		Scattered Sites 1 10 71		Scattered Sites 1 11 85		lorth End Hotel 1 12 93	W	ater Street Inn 1 13 94		
District type Statute authorization Year established District duration	Ch	Housing apter 469 2002 5 years*	С	development hapter 469 2004 25 years*	С	development hapter 469 2014 25 years*	С	Redevelopment Chapter 469 2018 25 years*		Redevelopment Chapter 469 2018 25 years*		
Tax Capacity Current tax capacity Original tax capacity Captured tax capacity Fiscal disparity deduction	\$	98,750 (1,845) 96,905	\$	2,126,112 (154,018) 1,972,094	\$	151,790 (3,902) 147,888	\$	191,688 (13,290) 178,398	\$	136,440 (48,436) 88,004		
Retained by authority Retained as a % of current net tax capacity	\$	96,905 98.1130%	\$	1,972,094 91.7570%	\$	147,888 97.4293%	\$	178,398 93.0670%	\$	88,004 64.5000%		
Taxes Total captured tax increment tax Less tax increment due to increase in tax rate Tax increment district gross tax Projected state auditor .36% admin fee Projected net to district	\$	91,818 - 91,818 (330) 91,488	\$	1,799,796 - 1,799,796 (6,479) 1,793,317	\$	134,764 - 134,764 (485) 134,279	\$	162,566 - 162,566 (585) 161,981	\$	80,194 - 80,194 (288) 79,906		
PAYGO to Developer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	570,601	\$	584,934	\$	1,277,991		
Outstanding Debt Total bonds issued and outstanding at 12/31/22 Issuer administrative fee	\$ \$	-	\$	5,375,000	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -		
Estimated Market Value* Total (aggregate basis):	\$ 1	3,250,000	\$2	13,793,100	\$	7,627,000	\$	9,621,900	\$	6,859,500		

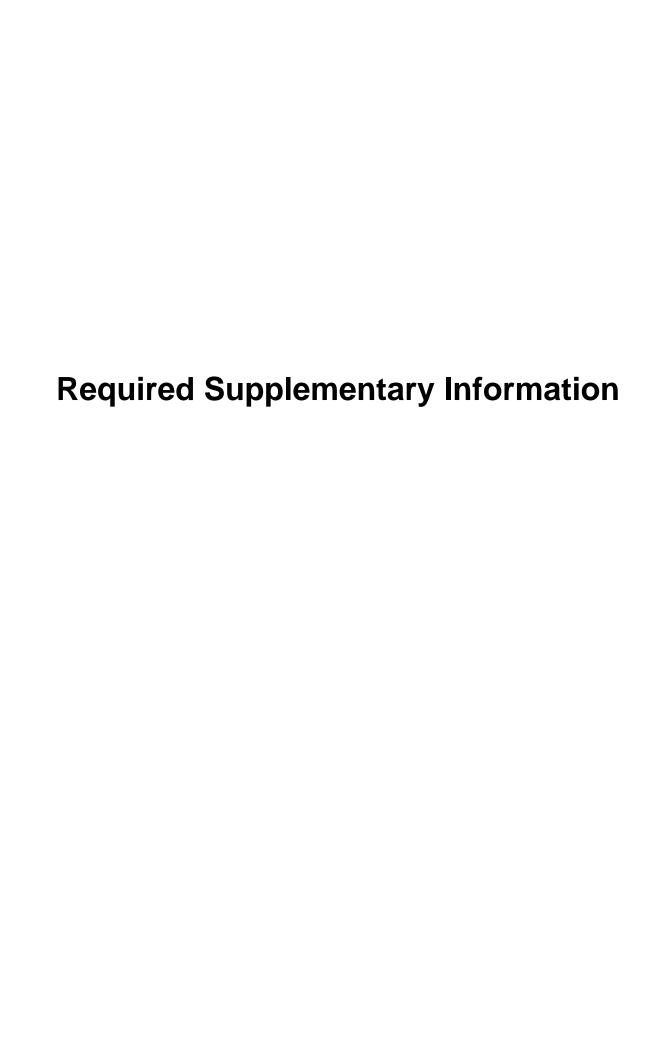
^{*} Per parcel basis, copy this link to Washington County: https://www.co.washington.mn.us/DocumentCenter/View/7859

District name		ırve Crest Villa	Scattered Sites	- 5	Scattered Sites		North End Hotel			
Development district #		1	1		1		1		1	
City tax increment district #		9	10	11			11		13	
County tax increment district #		70	71	85		93			94	
Collections										
Amount of tax increment collected in:										
2023	\$	91,488	\$ 1,793,317	\$	134,279	\$	161,981	\$	79,906	
2022		100,100	1,706,431		148,239		178,820		87,832	
2021		96,787	1,601,332		145,304		174,699		73,506	
2020		86,884	1,538,383		146,132		175,695		2,257	
2019		72,306	1,397,818		71,433		-		2,057	
2018		72,486	1,282,000		1,151		613		-	
2017 and prior		1,042,852	12,618,474		1,069		-		-	
Total amount collected	\$	1,562,903	\$ 21,937,755	\$	647,607	\$	691,808	\$	245,558	
First tax increment receipt		2004	2004		2015		2018		2018	
Date of required decertification		12/31/2029	12/31/2029		12/31/2041		12/31/2043		12/31/2043	

^{*}After the receipt of the first tax increment



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PERA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY **December 31, 2023**

GERF Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years*

					Measurement Date	•			
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
City's portion of the net pension liability	0.07550%	0.07450%	0.07330%	0.06370%	0.06290%	0.06140%	0.05980%	0.06020%	0.05920%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,221,875	\$ 5,900,425	\$ 3,130,238	\$ 3,819,106	\$ 3,477,600	\$ 3,406,220	\$ 3,817,593	\$ 4,887,941	\$ 3,068,051
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liabilit	\$ 116,411	\$ 173,019	\$ 95,542	\$ 117,832	\$ 108,162	\$ 111,705	\$ 48,015	\$ 63,853	\$ -
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,338,286	\$ 6,073,444	\$ 3,225,780	\$ 3,936,938	\$ 3,585,762	\$ 3,517,925	\$ 3,865,608	\$ 4,951,794	\$ 3,068,051
City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	\$ 5,846,576	\$ 5,553,889	\$ 5,276,865	\$ 4,731,854	\$ 4,426,728	\$ 4,122,786	\$ 3,853,463	\$ 3,741,046	\$ 3,312,815
percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	72.21%	106.24%	59.32%	80.71%	78.56%	82.62%	99.07%	130.66%	92.61%
pension liability	83.10%	76.67%	87.00%	79.10%	80.23%	79.50%	75.90%	68.91%	78.20%

PEPFF Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years*

				1	Measurement Date	•			
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
City's portion of the net pension liability City's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liabilit Total proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.32410% \$ 5,596,786 \$ 225,473 \$ 5,822,259	0.30610% \$ 13,320,263 \$ 581,954 \$ 13,902,217	0.28230% \$ 2,179,057 \$ 97,967 \$ 2,277,024	0.28730% \$ 3,786,921 \$ - \$ 3,786,921	0.29460% \$ 3,136,315 \$ - \$ 3,136,315	0.26220% \$ 2,794,782 \$ - \$ 2,794,782	0.25500% \$ 3,442,803 \$ - \$ 3,442,803	0.27600% \$ 11,076,360 \$ - \$ 11,076,360	0.26900% \$ 3,056,469 \$ - \$ 3,056,469
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,024,375	\$ 3,718,434	\$ 3,439,680	\$ 3,278,626	\$ 3,107,310	\$ 2,771,643	\$ 2,617,129	\$ 2,657,140	\$ 3,002,740
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	139.07%	358.22%	63.35%	115.50%	100.93%	100.83%	131.55%	416.85%	101.79%
pension liability	86.47%	70.53%	93.66%	87.20%	89.26%	88.80%	85.43%	63.88%	86.61%

^{*}This schedule is intended to go out 10 years and more information will be added as it becomes available. *Information prior to the 6/30/2015 measurement date is not available at this time.

PERA SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS **December 31, 2023**

GERF Schedules of City Contributions Last Nine Fiscal Years									
	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Statutorily required contribution Contributions to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 394,957 394,957	\$ 429,638 429,638	\$ 407,366 407,366	\$ 354,560 354,560	\$ 348,806 348,806	\$ 309,564 309,564	\$ 292,176 292,176	\$ 287,143 287,143	\$ 270,121 270,121
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 5,266,093	\$ 5,728,507	\$ 5,431,547	\$ 4,727,467	\$ 4,650,747	\$ 4,127,520	\$ 3,895,680	\$ 3,828,573	\$ 3,601,613
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
PEPFF Schedule of City Contributions Last Nine Fiscal Years	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution Contributions to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 753,046 753,046	\$ 697,687 697,687	\$ 620,444 620,444	\$ 580,317 580,317	\$ 569,293 569,293	\$ 447,588 447,588	\$ 429,138 429,138	\$ 433,918 433,918	\$ 412,840 412,840
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,254,497	\$ 3,941,734	\$ 3,505,333	\$ 3,278,627	\$ 3,358,661	\$ 2,762,889	\$ 2,649,000	\$ 2,678,506	\$ 2,548,395
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.70%	17.70%	17.70%	17.70%	16.95%	16.20%	16.20%	16.20%	16.20%

^{*}This schedule is intended to go out 10 years and more information will be added as it becomes available. The Amounts Presented for Each Fiscal Year were Determined as of 12/31.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Last Nine Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Asset									
Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Changes of Benefit Terms	\$ 154,879 169,280 (155,102) 155,596	\$ 134,312 149,793 - 412,831	\$ 131,014 168,448 (169,937)	\$ 115,836 147,597 - 292,433	\$ 110,172 162,777 (218,323) (209,180)	\$ 96,366 145,369 - 327,188	\$ 80,881 142,145 (130,192) 15,158 399,663	\$ 83,445 130,624 -	\$ 81,410 127,896 - -
Benefit Payments, Including Member Contribution Refunds Net Change in Total Pension Liability	324,653	<u>(692,667)</u> 4,269	(283,613)	(64,180) 491,686	(216,259)	282,820	(166,458) 341,197	(22,730)	(40,200) 169,106
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	3,069,500 3,394,153	3,065,231	3,219,319 3,065,231	2,727,633	3,098,446 2,727,633	2,815,626 3,098,446	2,474,429 2,815,626	2,283,090 2,474,429	2,113,984 2,283,090
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Municipal Contributions State Contributions Net Investment Income Benefit Payments Administrative Expenses Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	206,141 (757,918) - (16,250) (568,027)	195,069 469,231 (692,667) (9,210) (37,577)	193,187 547,608 (283,613) (8,045) 449,137	174,895 697,998 (64,180) (8,070) 800,643	170,795 (164,615) (216,259) (7,820) (217,899)	165,974 478,512 (286,103) (8,145) 350,238	164,455 221,612 (166,458) (7,745) 211,864	162,031 (18,271) (22,730) (7,590) 113,440	153,440 191,334 (40,200) (7,620) 296,954
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	5,171,230 4,603,203	5,208,807 5,171,230	4,759,670 5,208,807	3,959,027 4,759,670	4,176,926 3,959,027	3,826,688 4,176,926	3,614,824 3,826,688	3,501,384 3,614,824	3,204,430 3,501,384
Association's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (1,209,050)	\$ (2,101,730)	\$ (2,143,576)	\$ (1,540,351)	\$ (1,231,394)	\$ (1,078,480)	\$ (1,011,062)	\$ (1,140,395)	\$ (1,218,294)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	135.62%	168.47%	169.93%	147.85%	145.15%	134.81%	135.91%	146.09%	153.36%
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}This schedule is intended to go out 10 years and more information will be added as it becomes available. Information prior to 2014 is not available at this time.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TO STILLWATER FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION Last Ten Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarial Determined Contribution (a) Actual Contributions paid (b)	\$ 249,549 (249,549)	\$ 205,477 (205,477)	\$ 195,069 (195.069)	\$ 188,187 (188,187)	\$ 174,895 (174,895)	\$ 170,795 (170,795)	\$ 164,974 (164,974)	\$ 162,730 (162,730)	\$ 162,031 (162,031)	\$ 148,440 (148,440)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	City 2023	City 2022	City 2021	City 2020	City 2019	City 2018
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 16,973	\$ 23,392	\$ 22,711	\$ 35,354	\$ 27,609	\$ 58,658
Interest	207,062	215,762	656,042	767,321	767,904	771,549
Difference between expected and actual experience	(146,918)	-	(12,387,054)	-	(1,598,415)	-
Changes of assumptions	(1,532,785)	-	692,602	2,571,475	(1,334,560)	-
Benefit payments	(589,047)	(745,644)	(889,711)	(971,655)	(924,783)	(894,727)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	(2,044,715)	(506,490)	(11,905,410)	2,402,495	(3,062,245)	(64,520)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	10,629,192	11,135,682	23,041,092	20,638,597	23,700,842	23,765,362
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 8,584,477	\$ 10,629,192	\$ 11,135,682	\$ 23,041,092	\$ 20,638,597	\$ 23,700,842
Covered employee payroll	\$ 8,170,302	\$ 7,413,903	\$ 7,197,964	\$ 6,103,698	\$ 5,925,920	\$ 6,410,754
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of the covered employee payroll	105.1%	143.4%	154.7%	377.5%	348.3%	369.7%

^{*}Note: there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

^{*}This schedule is intended to go out 10 years and more information will be added as it becomes available.

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2023

DEVENUE	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Ф 40.4 7 0.004	Ф. 40.000.040	ф (00.000)
Property taxes	\$ 10,479,281	\$ 10,390,313	\$ (88,968)
Franchise taxes	490,000	495,401	5,401
Licenses and permits	628,950	932,435	303,485
Special assessments	3,000	10,258	7,258
Intergovernmental	1,320,214	1,568,550	248,336
Charges for services	1,340,054	1,386,235	46,181
Fines and forfeits	54,000	70,637	16,637
Investment income	25,000	154,617	129,617
Net decrease in fair value of investments	405.050	50,664	50,664
Miscellaneous Total revenues	105,950 14,446,449	76,418 15,135,528	(29,532) 689,079
	11,110,110	10,100,020	
EXPENDITURES General government:			
Mayor and council	202,074	188,347	13,727
Elections	22,510	13,749	8,761
MIS support services	633,153	508,634	124,519
Finance	563,185	579,934	(16,749)
Human resources	326,629	315,705	10,924
Administration	710,834	721,301	(10,467)
Legal/City attorney	202,890	209,421	(6,531)
Plant/City hall	367,724	525,130	(157,406)
Community development	635,182	528,029	107,153
Unallocated	961,896	926,375	35,521
Public safety:	331,333	0_0,0.0	33,32.
Police	4,929,223	5,299,021	(369,798)
Fire	2,483,998	2,451,562	32,436
Inspections	522,813	568,054	(45,241)
Civil defense	19,460	12,779	6,681
Public works:	,	,	2,22
Engineering	415,973	430,766	(14,793)
Streets	1,384,338	1,439,082	(54,744)
Debt service:	, ,	, ,	, ,
Principal	-	40,416	(40,416)
Interest	-	3,965	(3,965)
Total expenditures	14,381,882	14,762,270	(380,388)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	64,567	373,258	308,691
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(64,567)	(64,567)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	308,691	\$ 308,691
Fund balance - January 1		7,075,564	
Fund balance - December 31		\$ 7,384,255	

See accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

ST CROIX VALLEY RECREATION CENTER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Ф 4 570 405	Ф 4.00 7 .040	Φ 040 505
Charges for services	\$ 1,578,435	\$ 1,827,940	\$ 249,505
Investment income Net decrease in fair value of investments	-	61,705 31,604	61,705 31,604
Miscellaneous	- 256,500	371,356	114,856
Total revenues	1,834,935	2,292,605	457,670
Total Teverides	1,004,000	2,232,003	407,070
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Culture and recreation			
Recreation center ice arena	1,035,041	1,235,374	(200,333)
Recreation center fieldhouse	293,456	253,717	39,739
Lily Lake ice arena	320,338	345,002	(24,664)
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	5,489	(5,489)
Interest		507	(507)
Total expenditures	1,648,835	1,840,089	(185,258)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	100 100	4=0=40	202 442
over expenditures	186,100	452,516	266,416
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(360,710)	(313,121)	47,589
Net change in fund balance	\$ (174,610)	139,395	\$ 314,005
Fund balance - January 1		1,671,407	
Fund balance - December 31		\$ 1,810,802	

LIBRARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts riginal and Final	Actı	ual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	1,435,610	\$	1,435,610	\$	-
Charges for services		2,620		4,620		2,000
Investment income		1,000		10,981		9,981
Net decrease in fair value of investments		-		6,161		6,161
Donations		18,667		19,036		369
Miscellaneous		6,200		6,766		566
Total revenues		1,464,097		1,483,174		19,077
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Culture and recreation						
Operations		1,271,374		1,236,792		34,582
Plant		297,292		276,328		20,964
Total expenditures	,	1,568,666		1,513,120		55,546
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(104,569)		(29,946)		74,623
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers in		64,567		64,567		_
Transfers out		(40,000)		(84,770)		(44,770)
Total other financing uses		24,567		(20,203)		(44,770)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(40,002)		(50,149)	\$	74,623
Fund balance - January 1				230,396		
Fund balance - December 31			\$	180,247		

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

General Employees Fund – Pension Plan

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5% to 7.00%

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5% minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The
 net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The
 new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly
 higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

Changes in Plan Provisions:

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.0% to 3.0%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.0% per year with a provision to increase to 2.5% upon attainment of 90% funding ratio to 50% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.0% and not more than 1.5%, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches Normal Retirement Age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested
 and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.00%
 for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year for all years to 1.00% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018 and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The State's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2030 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

On January 1, 2015 the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees
Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by
\$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of
\$6 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, is due September 2015.

Police and Fire Fund - Pension Plan

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5% to 7.00%.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.4% to 7.0%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50% vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100% after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0% will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a
 psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- The single discount rate changed from 6.50% to 5.40%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50% for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020)
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The
 overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The changes result in a slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%. Minor changes to form
 of payment assumptions were applied.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- Postretirement benefit increases were changed to 1.0% for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.
- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100% funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed from 10.8% to 11.3% of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.8% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Employer contributions were changed from 16.20% to 16.95% of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70% of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.0% to 3.0%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net
 effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The CSA
 has been changed to 33% for vested members and 2% for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65% to 60%.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% for all years to 1.00% per year through 2064 and 2.50% thereafter.
- The Single Discount Rate was changed from 5.60% per annum to 7.50% per annum.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2037 and 2.50% thereafter to 1.00% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 5.60%.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2030 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year through 2037 and 2.50% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The postretirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90% funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.50%, to a fixed rate of 2.50%.

City OPEB Plan

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 4.00%.
- The Medicare Supplement trend rated increased from 4.00% to 4.50%
- The retirement and withdrawal rates for non-public-safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.90% to 2.00%.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service.
- The retirement and withdrawal rates for non-public-safety employees were updated to reflect the latest experience study.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The discount rate was changed from 3.80% to 2.90%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 Headcount Weighted Mortality Tables (Blue Collar for Public Safety, White Collar for Others) with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 Headcount Weighted Mortality Tables (Blue Collar for Public Safety, White Collar for Others) with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for public safety employees were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 3.80%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The discount rate used was the 20-year municipal bond index as the plan is not funding. This assumed rate
decreased from 3.50% to 3.30%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General fund and other major special revenue funds as follows: St. Croix Valley Recreation, and Library Fund The City also adopts a budget for the nonmajor governmental Parks fund. Special Events fund, Community Beautification fund and Washington County Recycling Grant fund which are presented in the combining and individual fund section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A budget is not legally adopted for Pandemic Relief Special Revenue Fund.

LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally approved by passage of a resolution.
- 4. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between funds and may approve additional expenditures for departments in excess of the amount budgeted.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and other budgeted funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the debt service and the capital projects funds because effective budgetary control is achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions and project contracts.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

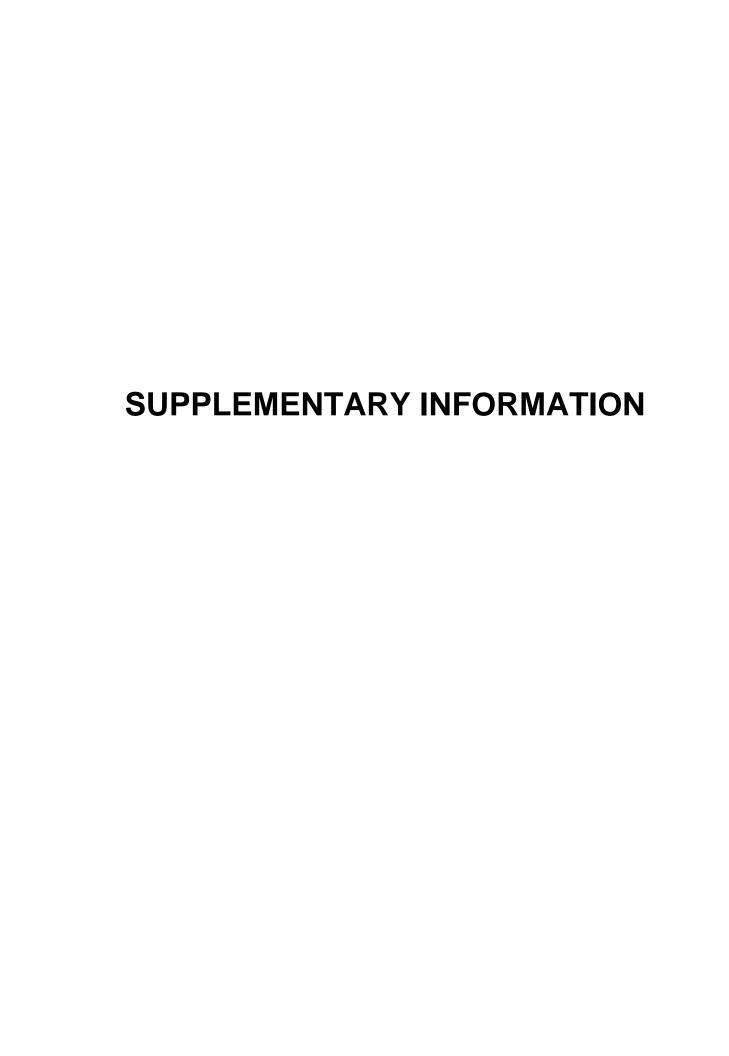
- A. The City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. The budget is legally approved by passage of a resolution.
- D. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between funds and may approve additional expenditures for departments in excess of the amount budgeted.
- E. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and other budgeted funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the debt service and the capital projects funds because effective budgetary control is achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions and project contracts.

NOTE 2 EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds had expenditures in excess of budget at the fund level for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	-	Amount
General Fund	\$	380,388
St Croix Valley Recreation Center Fund		191,254

The additional expenditures were offset by the use of existing fund balance and greater than expected revenues.



Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose.

<u>Special Events Fund</u> – to account for special events held within the City and sponsored by City civic organizations. Financing is primarily from the General fund and service charges.

<u>Library Donations Fund</u> – to account for funds received specifically used for library functions that are not part of the library operating budget.

<u>Wick Estate Fund</u> – to account for funds received specifically for uses described in the agreement between the City and the Wick Estate.

<u>Parks Special Revenue Fund</u> – to The parks fund is used to account for the operations of the City's parks. This fund is primarily funded with committed general property taxes.

<u>Lumberjack Landing Fund</u> – to account for funds received specifically for uses surrounding a park improvement within the City titled Lumberjack Landing.

<u>Park/Trail Dedication Fund</u> – to account for fees paid by developers and legally restricted to capital outlay for City parks.

<u>Park Maintenance Fund</u> – to account for fees paid by developers for the maintenance of parks within the development area.

Community Beautification Fund – to account for funds associated with community-wide beautification.

<u>Washington County Recycling Grant Fund</u> – to account for funds received from Washington County to fund the recycling fund within the City.

<u>Public Safety Programs Fund</u> – to account for funds received for the City's public safety programs.

<u>Lodging Tax</u> – to account for funds received for lodging tax and disbursed to the *Greater Stillwater Area Convention and Visitor's Bureau* for the purpose of attracting tourism and convention business to the City.

<u>Miscellaneous Grants Fund</u> – to account for grant funds received and used to fund various projects/services within the City.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Emergency Management Fund – to account for grant funds received and used for emergency management activities, including flood mitigation.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

				Spe	cial Revenu	е					
	200	220-229, 232-235	236		240		244		245		247
	special Events	Library onations	Wick Estate		Parks		mberjack Landing	-	ark/Trail edication	Ma	Park intenance
ASSETS											
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 6,692	\$ 210,208	\$ 11,828	\$	649,353	\$	813,421	\$	889,313	\$	138,310
Accrued interest receivable	31	455	29		1,732		1,710		1,869		291
Accounts receivable	-	6,982	-		1,200		-		-		-
Prepaid items	 	 2,371	 <u>-</u>		15,045						-
Total assets	\$ 6,723	\$ 220,016	\$ 11,857	\$	667,330	\$	815,131	\$	891,182	\$	138,601
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 5,030	\$ -	\$	11,560	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Salaries payable	-	1,060	-		24,686		-		-		-
Due to other governments	-	6,294	-		-		-		-		-
Interfund payable	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable	 	 	 		9,200						
Total liabilities	-	 12,384	 -		45,446						-
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable	_	2,371	-		15,045		-		-		_
Restricted	-	205,261	11,857		606,839		815,131		891,182		138,601
Committed	6,723	-	-		-		-		-		-
Assigned	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances	6,723	207,632	11,857		621,884		815,131		891,182		138,601
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,723	\$ 220,016	\$ 11,857	\$	667,330	\$	815,131	\$	891,182	\$	138,601

		Spec	ial Revenue				Capital Projects	Total
251 mmunity utification	255 ashington County voling Grant	Pul	260-270 Public Safety Programs		285 ∟odging Tax	290 cellaneous Grants	110 mergency nagement	Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$ 39,059 82 - - 39,141	\$ 260,530 547 - - 261,077	\$	951,662 344 - - 952,006	\$	106,438 268 - 136 106,842	\$ 258,271 569 32,795 - 291,635	\$ - - - -	\$ 4,335,085 7,927 40,977 17,552 4,401,541
\$ 2,745 - - - - - - 2,745	\$ 660 - - - - - - - 660	\$	13 - - - - 13	\$	370 - - - 370	\$ 15,365 - - - - - 15,365	\$ 823 - - 161,903 - 162,726	\$ 20,831 15,365 26,116 6,294 161,903 9,200 239,709
\$ 36,396 36,396 39,141	\$ 260,417 - - 260,417 261,077		951,993 - - 951,993 952,006	\$	136 106,336 - 106,472 106,842	 276,270 - - 276,270 276,270	\$ (162,726) (162,726)	\$ 17,552 4,263,887 43,119 (162,726) 4,161,832 4,401,541

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Special Rev	enue		
	200	220-229, 232-235	236	240	244	245	247
	Special Events	Library Donations	Wick Estate	Parks	Lumberjack Landing	Park/Trail Dedication	Park Maintenance
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 48,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,274,096	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Lodging tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	8,875	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	42,796	-	2,500	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	455	6,719	423	25,543	25,225	27,561	4,291
Net increase/decrease in fair value of investments	388	2,267	312	10,799	9,867	5,238	1,659
Donations	7,000	205,005	-	28,293	-	-	-
Miscellaneous				28,909			
Total revenues	55,843	213,991	735	1,419,311	35,092	35,299	5,950
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	58,575	204,497	2,418	1,302,926	24	-	-
Total expenditures	58,575	204,497	2,418	1,302,926	24	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(2,732)	9,494	(1,683)	116,385	35,068	35,299	5,950
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers in	-	34,321	-	-	-	-	_
Transfers out	-	(41,033)	-	(138,646)	-	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,712)		(138,646)			
Net change in fund balances	(2,732)	2,782	(1,683)	(22,261)	35,068	35,299	5,950
Fund balance - January 1	9,455	204,850	13,540	644,145	780,063	855,883	132,651
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 6,723	\$ 207,632	\$ 11,857	\$ 621,884	\$ 815,131	\$ 891,182	\$ 138,601

 			Special R	evenue					apital ojects	Total		
251 mmunity utification	C	255 shington county cling Grant	260- Public Progi	Safety	Loc	285 dging Tax	290 ellaneous Grants	Eme	110 Emergency Management		lonmajor vernmental Funds	
\$ 69,000	\$	-	- \$ -		\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	1,391,096	
-		-		-		481,045	-		-		481,045	
-		-		-		-	-				8,875	
-		35,536	8	51,750		-	67,701		-		954,987	
-		-		1,739		-	-		-		47,035	
-		-		386		-	-		-		386	
1,206		8,074		5,087		3,946	8,398		-		116,928	
(158)		3,306		8		1,103	2,845		4,555		42,189	
-		-		1,614		-	4,225		-		246,137	
 				-			7,150				36,059	
 70,048		46,916	8	60,584		486,094	 90,319		4,555		3,324,737	
-		-		-		469,112	-		-		469,112	
-		-		1,291		-	-		-		1,291	
-		22,706		-		-	-		307,184		329,890	
 45,513		_					67,701				1,681,654	
 45,513		22,706		1,291		469,112	67,701		307,184		2,481,947	
 24,535		24,210	8	59,293		16,982	 22,618		(302,629)		842,790	
-		-		-		-	-		-		34,321	
		<u>-</u>					<u>-</u>		-		(179,679)	
							 				(145,358)	
24,535		24,210	8	59,293		16,982	22,618		(302,629)		697,432	
 11,861		236,207		92,700		89,490	 253,652		139,903		3,464,400	
\$ 36,396	\$	260,417	\$ 9	51,993	\$	106,472	\$ 276,270	\$	(162,726)	\$	4,161,832	

PARKS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted Amounts riginal and Final	Actu	ual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES	φ	4 074 000	φ	4 074 000	Ф	
Property taxes	\$	1,274,096	\$	1,274,096 8,875	\$	- 8,875
Licenses and permits Charges for services		- 28,900		6,875 42,796		8,875 13,896
Investment income		4,000		25,543		21,543
Net decrease in fair value of investments		-,000		10,799		10,799
Donations		15,000		28,293		13,293
Miscellaneous		-		28,909		28,909
Total revenues		1,321,996		1,419,311		97,315
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and recreation		1,362,266		1,302,926		59,340
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(40,270)		116,385		156,655
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(250,000)		(138,646)		111,354
Total other financing uses		(250,000)		(138,646)		111,354
Net change in fund balance	\$	(290,270)		(22,261)	\$	268,009
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31			\$	644,145 621,884		

SPECIAL EVENTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	A	udgeted mounts ginal and Final	Actua	al Amounts	Fina Po	ince with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES				•		
Property taxes	\$	48,000	\$	48,000	\$	-
Investment income		-		455		455
Net decrease in fair value of investments		-		388		388
Donations		12,000		7,000		(5,000)
Total revenues		60,000		55,843		(4,157)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		60,000		58,575		1,425
Net change in fund balance	\$			(2,732)	\$	(2,732)
Fund balance - January 1				9,455		
Fund balance - December 31			\$	6,723		

COMMUNITY BEAUTIFICATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Ar Orig	idgeted mounts ginal and Final	Actua	ıl Amounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	69,000	\$	69,000	\$	-
Investment Income		-		1,206		1,206
Net decrease in fair value of investments				(158)		(158)
Total revenues		69,000		70,048		1,048
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Culture and recreation		69,000		45,513		23,487
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				24,535		(22,439)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		24,535	\$	24,535
Fund balance - January 1				11,861		
Fund balance - December 31			\$	36,396		

WASHINGTON COUNTY RECYCLING GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	- Ai Orig	idgeted mounts ginal and Final	Actua	I Amounts	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income Net decrease in fair value of investments Total revenues	\$	35,500 - - 35,500	\$	35,536 8,074 3,306 46,916	\$	36 8,074 3,306 11,416
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works		29,000		22,706		6,294
Net change in fund balances	\$	6,500		24,210	\$	17,710
Fund balance - January 1 Fund balance - December 31			\$	236,207 260,417		



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SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – LIBRARY DONATIONS FUND BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2023

		220		221	222	223		224	226
	N	/linerva	-	Vicluer- Vebster	ollis R. urdock	ersonnel Grant		Helen Lawson	octor H. n Meier
ASSETS Cash and pooled investments Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid items	\$	25,838 55 -	\$	10,254 23 -	\$ 1,833 4 - -	\$ (1,802) - - 192	\$	70,981 154 -	\$ 1,382 3 -
Total assets	\$	25,893	\$	10,277	\$ 1,837	\$ (1,610)	\$	71,135	\$ 1,385
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Due to other governments Accrued salaries Total liabilities	\$	- - -	\$		\$ - - -	\$ 1,060 1,060	\$	654 - - - 654	\$ - - -
Fund balance: Nonspendable Restricted		- 25,893		- 10,277	- 1,837	192 -		- 70,481	- 1,385
Unassigned Total fund balance		25,893		10,277	 1,837	 (2,862) (2,670)	_	70,481	1,385
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	25,893	\$	10,277	\$ 1,837	\$ (1,610)	\$	71,135	\$ 1,385

 227 Gifts	Fri of	228 ends the orary	Sti	229 ends of Ilwater ibrary	L	232 illwater ibrary undation	233 Kilty	Wi	234 The nitson und	235 cellaneous onations	Total Library onations
\$ 27,813 57 - - 27,870	\$ 	(4) - - - (4)	\$	4,682 26 - - - 4,708	\$	13,919 - 3,306 2,179 19,404	\$ 37,290 92 - - - 37,382	\$	15 - - - 15	\$ 18,007 41 3,676 - 21,724	\$ 210,208 455 6,982 2,371 220,016
\$ 450	\$	- -	\$	1,237	\$	2,271 6,294	\$ 	\$	- -	\$ 418	\$ 5,030 6,294
450		-		1,237		8,565 2,179	- - -			418	1,060 12,384 2,371
\$ 27,420 - 27,420 27,870		(4) (4) (4)		3,471 - 3,471 4,708		8,660 - 10,839 19,404	\$ 37,382 - 37,382 37,382		15 15 15	\$ 21,306 - 21,306 21,724	 208,112 (2,851) 207,632 220,016

SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – LIBRARY DONATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2023

		220	221	222	223	224		226
	N	linerva	 /Icluer- /ebster	 ollis R. urdock	 rsonnel Grant	Helen .awson		octor H. n Meier
REVENUES				 		 	-	
Investment income	\$	814	\$ 343	\$ 59	\$ -	\$ 2,273	\$	42
Net decrease in fair value of investments		317	136	25	-	713		17
Donations		-	-	-	768	10,208		-
Total revenues		1,131	479	84	768	13,194		59
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel services		-	-	-	36,249	-		-
Supplies		-	-	-	-	-		-
Miscellaneous		496	931	160	-	11,486		-
Total expenditures		496	931	160	36,249	11,486		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		635	(452)	(76)	(35,481)	1,708		59
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfer in		-	-	-	34,321	-		-
Transfer out		-	-	-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	 	 34,321	 -		-
Net change in fund balances		635	(452)	(76)	(1,160)	1,708		59
Fund balances - January 1		25,258	10,729	 1,913	 (1,510)	68,773		1,326
Fund balances - December 31	\$	25,893	\$ 10,277	\$ 1,837	\$ (2,670)	\$ 70,481	\$	1,385

227 Gifts	228 Friends of the Library	229 Friends of Stillwater Library	232 Stillwater Library Foundation	233 Kilty	234 The Whitson Fund	235 Miscellaneous Donations	Total Library Donations
\$ 835 179 5,000 6,014	<u> </u>	\$ 388 64 15,533 15,985	\$ - 162,921 162,921	\$ 1,362 527 - 1,889	\$ - 27 - 27	\$ 603 262 10,575 11,440	\$ 6,719 2,267 205,005 213,991
1,167		18,082 18,082	18,383 110,819 129,202	- - - -	- - - - -	4,039 2,685 6,724	36,249 22,422 145,826 204,497
4,847	-	(2,097)	33,719	1,889	27	4,716	9,494
- - -	- - -	- - -	(34,380) (34,380)	(6,653) (6,653)			34,321 (41,033) (6,712)
4,847	-	(2,097)	(661)	(4,764)	27	4,716	2,782
22,573	(4)	5,568	11,500	42,146	(12)	16,590	204,850
\$ 27,420	\$ (4)	\$ 3,471	\$ 10,839	\$ 37,382	\$ 15	\$ 21,306	\$ 207,632

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE FUND BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2023

400570	312 5,355,000 C.O. Bonds of 2012A	314 9,215,000 C.O. Bonds of 2014A	·	318 5,935,000 C.O. Bonds of 2018	·	319 1,005,000 C.O. 3onds of 2009B	E	321 ,455,000 C.O. Bonds of 2021A
ASSETS Cash and pooled investments Funds held in escrow Accrued interest receivable	\$ 308,989 - 1,832	\$ 674,157 - 938	\$	684,779 - 606	\$	106,864	\$	708,432 - 1,010
Taxes receivable: Delinquent Due from county	2,155 1,933	2,954 2,478		2,276 2,442		-		2,265 2,097
Total assets	\$ 314,909	\$ 680,527	\$	690,103	\$	106,864	\$	713,804
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 318	\$ 318	_\$_	318	\$		\$	318
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue	 2,155	2,954		2,276				2,265
Fund balances: Restricted	 312,436	 677,255		687,509		106,864		711,221
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 314,909	\$ 680,527	\$	690,103	\$	106,864	\$	713,804

	322 3,965,000 CO Bonds of 2022A		323 4,955,000 CO Bonds of 2023A	324 C.O. Amory Land		326 66,505,000 C.O. Bonds of 2016A	327 3,405,000 C.O. Bonds of 2017A	339 2,770,000 G.O. Bonds of 2019A	E	329 4,095,000 C.O. Bonds of 2009D
\$	958,859	\$	516,844	\$ 86,369	\$	1,141,224	\$ 490,371	\$ 451,360	\$	762,451
	- 1,278		343	- 181		1,714	539	450		1,603
\$	2,215 3,068 965,420	\$	2,168 2,705 522,060	\$ 159 - 86,709	\$	2,750 2,868 1,148,556	\$ 2,070 2,079 495,059	\$ 1,779 2,188 455,777	\$	95 - 764,149
\$	318	_\$_	318	\$ - _	\$	318	\$ 318	\$ 318	\$	<u>-</u>
	2,215		2,168	 159		2,750	2,070	 1,779		95
	962,887		519,574	 86,550	_	1,145,488	 492,671	 453,680		764,054
\$	965,420	\$	522,060	\$ 86,709	\$	1,148,556	\$ 495,059	\$ 455,777	\$	764,149

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE FUND BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) December 31, 2023

	В	360 ,450,000 TIF onds of 2016B	376 ,585,000 TIF Bonds 2016C	576 Escrow Bonds 2016C	G. Cti	385 2,695,000 O. Sports Bonds of 2005C	F	389 1,420,000 Revenue Bonds of 2009C	Total Debt Service Fund
ASSETS Cash and pooled investments Funds held in escrow Accrued interest receivable Taxes receivable:	\$	41,905 - -	\$ 19,181 - -	\$ 322,167 -	\$	171,466 - -	\$	390,561 - -	\$ 7,513,812 322,167 10,494
Delinquent Due from county Total assets	\$	41,905	\$ 19,181	\$ 322,167	\$	171,466	\$	390,561	\$ 20,886 21,858 7,889,217
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	318	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 3,180
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue			 	 					 20,886
Fund balances: Restricted		41,587	 19,181	 322,167		171,466		390,561	 7,865,151
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	41,905	\$ 19,181	\$ 322,167	\$	171,466	\$	390,561	\$ 7,889,217



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SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended December 31, 2023

	312 \$6,355,000 C.O. Bonds of 2012A	314 \$9,215,000 C.O. Bonds of 2014A	318 \$5,935,000 C.O. Bonds of 2018	319 \$1,005,000 C.O. Bonds of 2009B	321 \$2,455,000 C.O. Bonds of 2021A
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 370,639	\$ 475,074	\$ 468,128	\$ 40	\$ 402,243
Investment income:	07.000	40.005	0.007		44000
Interest	27,028	13,835	8,937	-	14,900
Net decrease in fair value of investments	17,055	6,046	2,253	-	3,188
Miscellaneous	17	21	21		18
Total revenues	414,739	494,976	479,339	40	420,349
EXPENDITURES Current: Debt service:					
Principal	1,330,000	460,000	490,000	-	135,000
Interest	35,973	203,091	128,610	-	119,375
Paying agent fees	550	550	550	-	500
Miscellaneous	1,068	318	318	42	318
Total expenditures	1,367,591	663,959	619,478	42	255,193
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(952,852)	(168,983)	(140,139)	(2)	165,156
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	_	_	165,710	_	_
Total other financing sources			165,710	_	
Net change in fund balance	(952,852)	(168,983)	25,571	(2)	165,156
Fund Balances - January 1	1,265,288	846,238	661,938	106,866	546,065
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 312,436	\$ 677,255	\$ 687,509	\$ 106,864	\$ 711,221

322 C.O. Bonds of 2022A	323 \$7,840,000 C.O. Bonds of 2002-A	324 C.O. Amory Land	326 \$6,505,000 C.O. Bonds of 2016A	327 \$3,405,000 C.O. Bonds of 2017A	339 \$2,770,000 G.O. Bonds of 2019A	329 \$4,095,000 C.O. Bonds of 2009D	360 \$2,450,000 TIF Bonds of 2016B
\$ 588,388	\$ 518,795	\$ 399	\$ 550,259	\$ 398,479	\$ 419,473	\$ (111)	\$ -
18,846 (6,847) 26 600,413	5,060 (3,137) 23 520,741	2,671 (879) - 2,191	25,288 8,495 25 584,067	7,945 2,222 18 408,664	6,634 1,611 19 427,737	23,648 9,942 	
178,425 500 318 179,243	850 317 1,167	- - - - -	470,000 52,100 500 318 522,918	335,000 41,448 500 318 377,266	315,000 84,875 550 318 400,743	- - - -	210,000 43,019 500 318 253,837
421,170	519,574	2,191	61,149	31,398	26,994	33,479	(253,837)
		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	256,699 256,699
421,170	519,574	2,191	61,149	31,398	26,994	33,479	2,862
541,717		84,359	1,084,339	461,273	426,686	730,575	38,725
\$ 962,887	\$ 519,574	\$ 86,550	\$ 1,145,488	\$ 492,671	\$ 453,680	\$ 764,054	\$ 41,587

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) Year Ended December 31, 2023

	376 \$6,585,000 TIF Bonds 2016C		576 Escrow Bonds 2016C		385 ,695,000 ports Ctr 3onds of 2005C	389 \$1,420,000 Sports Ctr Bonds of 2009C			Total Debt Service Fund
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12	\$	14	\$	4,191,832
Investment income:									
Interest		-	13,637		-		-		168,429
Net decrease in fair value of investments	3	-	-		-		-		39,949
Miscellaneous			 						188
Total revenues		-	13,637		12		14		4,400,398
EXPENDITURES Current: Debt service: Principal		435,000							4,180,000
Interest		,	-		-		-		
		137,025 2,200	-		-		-		1,023,941
Paying agent fees Miscellaneous		2,200	-		-		2.044		7,750
		-	 		14 14		2,014	_	5,999
Total expenditures		574,225	 <u>-</u>		14_		2,014		5,217,690
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	((574,225)	13,637		(2)		(2,000)		(817,292)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers in		580,550							1,002,959
Total other financing sources		580,550	 		-			_	1,002,959
Total other illiancing sources		300,330	 		-			_	1,002,939
Net change in fund balance		6,325	13,637		(2)		(2,000)		185,667
Fund balance - January 1		12,856	308,530		171,468		392,561		7,679,484
Fund balance - December 31	\$	19,181	\$ 322,167	\$	171,466	\$	390,561	\$	7,865,151



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SCHEDULE OF TIF DISTRICTS FUND BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2023

	461 TIF District #1 certified)	T Dis	64 IF trict 4 rtified)		468 TIF District #8		469 TIF District #9	_	470 TIF vistrict #10
ASSETS									
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 38,405	\$ 2,75	•	\$	277,410	\$	210,891	\$ 5,	183,207
Accrued interest receivable	70		6,628		586		361		10,050
Taxes receivable:									
Delinquent	-		-		-		-		4,450
Due from county	-		-		-		-		11,539
Special assessments receivable:									
Noncurrent	30,432		<u>-</u>		-		-		-
Interfund loan receivable	 -		3,552	_	-	_	-		-
Total assets	\$ 68,907	\$ 2,94	4,518	\$	277,996	\$	211,252	\$ 5,	209,246
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 878	\$	878	\$	878	\$	34,628	\$	878
Total liabilities	878		878		878		34,628		878
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue	 30,432								4,450
Fund balances:									
Restricted	 37,597		3,640		277,118		176,624		203,918
Total Fund Balances	 37,597	2,94	3,640		277,118		176,624	5,	203,918
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 68,907	\$ 2,94	4,518	\$	277,996	\$	211,252	\$ 5,	209,246

SCHEDULE OF TIF DISTRICTS FUND BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2023

471 TIF District #11	472 TIF District #12	473 TIF District #13	474 TIF District #14	Total TIF Districts
\$ (265,066)	\$ 57,921	\$ 17,492 -	\$ (5,440)	\$ 8,269,158 17,695
-	-	-	- -	4,450 11,539
\$ (265,066)	\$ 57,921	\$ 17,492	\$ (5,440)	30,432 183,552 \$ 8,516,826
\$ 51,232 51,232	\$ 73,769 73,769	\$ 36,836 36,836	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 199,977 199,977
				34,882
(316,298) (316,298)	(15,848) (15,848)	(19,344) (19,344)	(5,440) (5,440)	8,281,967 8,281,967
\$ (265,066)	\$ 57,921	\$ 17,492	\$ (5,440)	\$ 8,516,826

SCHEDULE OF TIF DISTRICTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2023

	461 TIF District #1 (Decertified)	464 TIF District #4 (Decertified)	468 TIF District #8	469 TIF District #9	470 TIF District #10
REVENUES	•	•	•	A 04 400	A 4 700 005
Tax increment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,488	\$ 1,792,905
Special assessments	8,844	-	-	-	-
Investment income Net decrease in fair value of investments	1,032	102,610	8,642	5,319	148,239
	16,289	35,958	11,420	1,748	27,715
Total revenues	26,165	138,568	20,062	98,555	1,968,859
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic development Debt service:	2,391	2,823	6,328	54,103	19,073
Interest	_	_	_	18,125	_
Total expenditures	2,391	2,823	6,328	72,228	19,073
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	23,774	135,745	13,734	26,327	1,949,786
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out		(460,000)			(837,249)
Net change in fund balance	23,774	(324,255)	13,734	26,327	1,112,537
Fund balance - January 1 Residual equity transfer	13,823	3,267,895	263,384	150,297	4,091,381
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 37,597	\$ 2,943,640	\$ 277,118	\$ 176,624	\$ 5,203,918

SCHEDULE OF PROPRIETARY FUND – PARKING FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended December 31, 2023

471 TIF District #11	472 TIF District #12	473 TIF District #13	474 TIF District #14	Total TIF Districts
\$ 134,279	\$ 161,980	\$ 79,906	\$ -	\$ 2,260,558
-	-	-	-	8,844
-	-	-	-	265,842
				93,130
134,279	161,980	79,906		2,628,374
104,906	151,160	75,724	520	417,028 18,125
104,906	151,160	75,724	520	435,153
29,373	10,820	4,182	(520)	2,193,221
				(1,297,249)
29,373	10,820	4,182	(520)	895,972
(345,671)	(26,668)	(23,526)	(4,920)	7,385,995
\$ (316,298)	\$ (15,848)	\$ (19,344)	\$ (5,440)	\$ 8,281,967
ψ (310,230)	ψ (13,040)	ψ (13,344)	$\psi = (0, ++0)$	ψ 0,201,307

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Stillwater's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	123
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	131
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	138
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	144
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information is the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	147

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Governmental activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 71,030,940	\$ 69,919,712	\$ 71,049,412	\$ 74,085,103			
Restricted	23,628,141	19,805,481	25,170,874	29,073,515			
Unrestricted	(2,624,152)	(2,162,160)	(13,610,309)	(13,746,861)			
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 92,034,929	\$ 87,563,033	\$ 82,609,977	\$ 89,411,757			
Business-type activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,662,766	\$ 13,307,269	\$ 13,195,217	\$ 13,395,604			
Unrestricted	1,482,615	1,492,698	1,347,815	768,657			
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 14,145,381	\$ 14,799,967	\$ 14,543,032	\$ 14,164,261			
Primary Government							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 83,693,706	\$ 83,226,981	\$ 84,244,629	\$ 87,480,707			
Restricted	23,628,141	19,805,481	25,170,874	29,073,515			
Unrestricted	(1,141,537)	(669,462)	(12,262,494)	(12,978,204)			
Total primary government net position	\$ 106,180,310	\$ 102,363,000	\$ 97,153,009	\$ 103,576,018			

Fiscal Year										
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023					
\$ 74,547,220 30,897,232	\$ 80,248,654 27,196,289	\$ 81,501,522 24,295,944	\$ 85,573,640 28,720,342	\$ 86,751,341 25,753,577	\$ 87,188,271 30,715,623					
(29,102,791)	(25,348,798)	(21,916,890)	(20,439,145)	(16,188,774)	(15,381,053)					
\$ 76,341,661	\$ 82,096,145	\$ 83,880,576	\$ 93,854,837	\$ 96,316,144	\$ 102,522,841					
\$ 13,286,058 (1,058,464)	\$ 12,854,158 (1,244,820)	\$ 12,466,088 (1,310,632)	\$ 22,244,374 (55,218)	\$ 21,781,668 2,959,313	\$ 22,386,550 4,245,221					
\$ 12,227,594	\$ 11,609,338	\$ 11,155,456	\$ 22,189,156	\$ 24,740,981	\$ 26,631,771					
\$ 87,833,278 30,897,232 (30,161,255)	\$ 93,102,812 27,196,289 (26,593,618)	\$ 93,967,610 24,295,944 (23,227,522)	\$ 107,818,014 28,720,342 (20,494,363)	\$ 108,533,009 25,753,577 (13,229,461)	\$ 109,574,821 30,715,623 (11,135,832)					
\$ 88,569,255	\$ 93,705,483	\$ 95,036,032	\$ 116,043,993	\$ 121,057,125	\$ 129,154,612					

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	3,541,235	\$	3,780,858	\$	4,366,424	\$	4,456,152
Public Safety		5,114,113		5,414,392		7,059,377		6,692,653
Public Works		3,416,259		3,256,154		3,385,412		3,340,782
Culture and recreation		4,580,839		4,561,236		4,768,962		4,861,962
Economic development		1,130,931		991,412		7,010,850		291,330
Interest on long-term debt		1,019,547		828,193		1,295,302		1,072,597
Total governmental activities expenses		18,802,924		18,832,245		27,886,327		20,715,476
Business-type activities:								
Sanitary Sewer		2,513,434		2,315,948		2,848,988		2,990,283
Storm Sewer		520,839		498,336		526,292		577,812
Signs & Lighting		352,981		354,193		366,118		312,631
Water		-		-		-		-
Parking		363,001		363,914		447,272		448,160
Total business-type activities expenses		3,750,255		3,532,391		4,188,670		4,328,886
Total primary government expenses	\$	22,553,179	\$	22,364,636	\$	32,074,997	\$	25,044,362
								_
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	447,287	\$	608,313	\$	473,930	\$	403,129
Public Safety		1,027,391		1,038,999		1,015,496		1,357,058
Public Works		57,718		99,199		414,733		397,170
Culture and recreation		1,807,857		1,704,324		1,855,984		1,916,982
Economic development		38,215		1,112		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		548,579		697,228		652,863		868,811
Capital grants and contributions		1,281,756		746,429		3,558,295		6,630,514
Total governmental activities								
program revenues		5,208,803		4,895,604		7,971,301		11,573,664
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Sanitary Sewer		2,344,479		2,351,072		2,486,019		2,584,047
Storm Sewer		554,528		624,198		638,621		642,510
Signs & Lighting		382,758		386,406		387,937		389,296
Water		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Parking		334,720		408,045		404,171		396,975
Total business-type activities								
program revenues		3,616,485		3,769,721		3,916,748		4,012,828
Total primary government	_		_		_		_	
program revenues	\$	8,825,288	\$	8,665,325	\$	11,888,049	\$	15,586,492
Net (Expense)/Revenue	_	,, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	_	,,	_	,, <u>,</u> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	/=
Governmental activities	\$	(13,594,121)	\$	(13,936,641)	\$	(19,915,026)	\$	(9,141,812)
Business-type activities		(133,770)	_	237,330		(271,922)		(316,058)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(13,727,891)	\$	(13,699,311)	\$	(20,186,948)	\$	(9,457,870)

	Fiscal Year										
	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$	4,564,749	\$	4,504,125	\$	4,369,616	\$	7,008,458	\$	8,867,051	\$	6,436,325
	6,390,804		6,085,166		6,933,758		4,700,357		7,739,073		8,800,796
	4,442,535		7,334,627		5,033,803		704,135		1,335,470		3,406,171
	3,683,368		1,402,190		4,284,050		5,324,879		5,956,931		7,550,482
	277,549		189,143		1,322,749		448,230		844,089		151,948
	1,221,607		1,105,102		1,038,338		369,844		858,861		796,133
	20,580,612		20,620,353		22,982,314		18,555,903		25,601,475		27,141,855
	3,590,043		3,256,871		3,441,371		3,442,657		3,389,979		3,174,098
	579,610		829,124		782,405		684,436		667,603		843,254
	395,821		369,417		390,018		410,752		447,667		147,779
	-		-		-		1,787,001		1,343,081		1,711,872
	459,150		459,393		434,159		431,890		458,265		516,304
	5,024,624	_	4,914,805		5,047,953		6,756,736		6,306,595		6,393,307
\$	25,605,236	\$	25,535,158	\$	28,030,267	\$	25,312,639	\$	31,908,070	\$	33,535,162
\$	348,883	\$	421,830	\$	449,776	\$	205,881	\$	217,286	\$	264,975
	1,591,519		1,190,235		1,282,406		1,323,970		1,519,719		1,693,312
	1,031,032		679,853		574,188		1,835,902		924,978		406,758
	2,070,711		2,370,259		1,536,388		1,918,277		2,257,656		2,345,591
	1,000,747		1,672,557		2,580,748		926,109		1,064,296		1,645,387
	2,533,262		2,236,362		2,141,694		3,832,703		2,871,236		3,026,427
	2,000,202		2,200,002		2,111,001		0,002,700		2,011,200		0,020,121
	8,576,154		8,571,096		8,565,200		10,042,842		8,855,171		9,382,450
	3,160,024		2,779,111		3,276,665		4,025,213		4,043,214		4,309,804
	603,410		607,418		625,089		637,100		634,158		768,254
	390,720		393,476		396,212		398,504		410,081		505,240
	-		-		-		1,759,682		1,887,743		2,149,868
	464,423		435,611		200,705		380,067		354,696		386,643
	4,618,577		4,215,616	•	4,498,671		7,200,566		7,329,892		8,119,809
\$	13,194,731	\$	12,786,712	\$	13,063,871	\$	17,243,408	\$	16,185,063	\$	17,502,259
\$	(12,004,458)	\$	(12,049,257)	\$	(14,417,114)	\$	(8,513,061)	\$	(16,746,304)	\$	(17,759,405)
Ф.	(406,047)	ф.	(699,189)	Φ.	(549,282)	Ф.	443,830	Φ.	1,023,297	Ф.	1,726,502
\$	(12,410,505)	\$	(12,748,446)	\$	(14,966,396)	\$	(8,069,231)	\$	(15,723,007)	\$	(16,032,903)

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
	2014	2015	2016	2017								
General Fund												
Nonspendable	\$ 148,651	\$ 148,686	\$ 81,749	\$ 157,495								
Assigned	1,106,624	1,243,101	1,243,101	1,315,041								
Unassigned	3,008,334	3,033,213	3,127,595	3,479,741								
Total general fund	\$ 4,263,609	\$ 4,425,000	\$ 4,452,445	\$ 4,952,277								
All Other Governmental Funds												
Nonspendable	\$ 15,814	\$ 17,320	\$ 25,912	\$ 15,005								
Restricted	26,638,434	18,838,078	27,996,173	25,138,964								
Committed	2,548,082	3,042,469	3,438,415	4,074,625								
Assigned	2,101,718	2,404,725	2,942,937	3,334,837								
Unassigned	(4,228)	-	-	-								
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 31,299,820	\$ 24,302,592	\$ 34,403,437	\$ 32,563,431								

Fiscal Year													
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023								
\$ 186,539 1,477,834 3,670,736	\$ 148,629 1,433,503 4,063,892	\$ 141,950 1,435,504 5,094,506	\$ 131,747 1,494,061 5,505,246	\$ 147,556 1,672,164 5,255,844	\$ 327,125 1,607,807 5,449,323								
\$ 5,335,109	\$ 5,646,024	\$ 6,671,960	\$ 7,131,054	\$ 7,075,564	\$ 7,384,255								
\$ 64,425	\$ 27,032	\$ 20,618	\$ 23,318	\$ 105,606	\$ 45,813								
27,040,698	22,169,462	19,343,328	21,856,097	21,691,133	25,558,716								
4,574,745	3,066,640	3,575,480	3,144,396	2,728,724	2,007,199								
3,459,251	3,745,844	4,431,065	4,510,543	4,465,419	3,478,089								
-	-	-	-	(71,024)	(162,726)								
\$ 35,139,119	\$ 29,008,978	\$ 27,370,491	\$ 29,534,354	\$ 28,919,858	\$ 30,927,091								

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
	2014	2015	2016	2017					
Revenues									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$ 10,710,930	\$ 11,367,534	\$ 12,100,943	\$ 12,654,828					
Tax increment	1,328,951	1,370,469	1,372,407	1,424,791					
Lodging tax	182,266	198,544	211,723	218,820					
Franchise taxes	444,672	449,333	462,988	467,214					
Licenses and permits	476,572	574,860	502,476	819,172					
Special assessments	895,715	924,432	1,274,144	1,082,560					
Intergovernmental	1,701,663	1,410,519	2,038,847	1,467,311					
Charges for services	2,440,925	2,283,432	3,555,525	3,435,785					
Fines and forfeits	119,114	118,113	70,256	84,369					
Interest	794,042	212,404	(116,034)	162,819					
Donations	92,739	96,269	129,479	232,988					
Miscellaneous	514,189	500,443	1,396,557	690,403					
Total revenues	19,701,778	19,506,352	22,999,311	22,741,060					
Expenditures	2 220 042	2 450 047	2 020 402	4 000 E70					
General government	3,238,842	3,458,847	3,829,183	4,008,578					
Public safety	4,628,286	4,762,211	5,092,685	5,230,427					
Public works	1,378,122	1,252,685	1,330,771	1,331,395					
Culture and recreation	3,216,992	3,173,176	3,381,088	3,537,419					
Economic development	1,149,256	997,280	7,045,568	303,818					
Capital outlay Debt service:	6,086,226	6,125,577	3,350,489	7,745,376					
Principal	2,595,773	2,470,000	2,815,000	4,525,000					
Interest	726,634	949,558	775,294	1,065,123					
Other	160,234	7,855	410,664	75,444					
Total expenditures	23,180,365	23,197,189	28,030,742	27,822,580					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	(3,478,587)	(3,690,837)	(5,031,431)	(5,081,520)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Proceeds from borrowing, net	9,434,686	_	16,362,531	3,527,632					
Transfers in	1,843,344	2,467,988	2,966,121	3,565,058					
Transfer (out)	(1,721,720)	(2,367,988)	(2,958,931)	(3,463,266)					
Capital lease	(1,721,720)	(2,507,500)	(2,330,331)	(3,403,200)					
Sale of property	24,156	_	_	111,922					
Payment on refunded debt	24,130	(3,245,000)	(1,210,000)	111,922					
Insurance settlement	_	(3,243,000)	(1,210,000)	_					
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,580,466	(3,145,000)	15,159,721	3,741,346					
Net change in fund balances	\$ 6,101,879	\$ (6,835,837)	\$ 10,128,290	\$ (1,340,174)					
Debt service as a percentage of									
noncapital expenditures	20.4%	20.1%	14.5%	27.9%					

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year												
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023							
\$ 12,818,222	\$ 13,643,617	\$ 14,485,774	\$ 14,990,505	\$ 15,687,665	\$ 17,408,851							
1,512,869	1,698,539	2,116,712	2,222,757	2,359,807	2,260,558							
237,665	304,367	244,202	373,565	453,006	481,045							
351,721	600,965	488,199	490,260	494,088	495,401							
981,289	653,202	672,357	704,452	814,675	941,310							
1,219,697	1,304,358	1,391,545	1,595,539	1,671,980	1,526,466							
2,412,168	2,263,692	4,393,551	1,931,314	2,410,363	3,419,447							
3,318,855	2,845,300	2,469,154	3,245,106	3,529,047	3,354,936							
233,394	226,692	199,397	55,838	55,732	71,023							
496,595	755,040	590,907	(86,488)	(515,578)	1,466,526							
148,456	236,232	113,577	1,040,044	208,384	315,673							
663,207	1,446,364	526,058	1,717,350	891,818	514,858							
24,394,138	25,978,368	27,691,433	28,280,242	28,060,987	32,256,094							
4,300,275	4,421,763	4,341,618	4,891,396	5,168,094	5,503,309							
5,682,655	6,047,254	7,036,364	6,624,453	7,320,254	8,387,435							
1,478,505	4,236,957	1,894,843	1,869,282	1,896,517	2,779,036							
3,641,969	3,858,355	3,430,726	4,159,642	4,789,445	5,028,867							
322,146	189,143	409,817	464,335	867,651	418,402							
7,851,141	8,341,407	6,354,883	6,436,487	8,571,834	8,032,044							
3,110,000	3,455,000	3,775,000	3,422,667	3,309,500	4,452,036							
1,104,530	1,086,440	1,067,283	946,485	946,934	1,084,700							
89,751	60,368	6,850	75,340	130,505	148,107							
27,580,972	31,696,687	28,317,384	28,890,087	33,000,734	35,833,936							
(3,186,834)	(5,718,319)	(625,951)	(609,845)	(4,939,747)	(3,577,842)							
(0,100,001)	(0,1:0,0:0)	(020,001)	(000,010)	(1,000,111)	(0,0::,0:=)							
6,120,974	3,203,034	_	3,248,017	4,213,164	5,213,169							
2,437,492	7,666,535	2,544,570	3,480,358	1,921,715	2,035,686							
(2,437,492)	(7,656,387)	(2,544,570)	(3,497,632)	(1,921,715)	(1,905,065)							
(2,437,432)	(1,030,301)	(2,344,370)	(3,497,032)	56,042	401,476							
24,380	145,711	13,400	2.064									
24,360		13,400	2,064	555	148,500							
-	(3,460,000)	-	-	-	-							
6,145,354	(101,107)	13,400	3,232,807	4,269,761	5,893,766							
\$ 2,958,520	\$ (5,819,426)	\$ (612,551)	\$ 2,622,962	\$ (669,986)	\$ 2,315,924							
+ -,000,020	→ (0,010,120)	+ (3.2,331)	-,	- (200,000)	-,010,021							
21.3%	21.4%	21.5%	19.9%	12.9%	20.7%							

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real P	roperty	Personal Property							
	Estimated Actual Taxable		Estimated Actual Taxable							
Payable Year	Market Value	Net Tax Capacity (1)	Market Net Ta							
<u> </u>	<u>value</u>	Capacity (1)	<u>Value</u>	Capacity						
2014	\$ 1,657,537,400	\$ 19,181,004	\$ 12,725,100	\$ 251,952						
2015	1,898,305,000	21,556,350	12,880,700	255,814						
2016	1,992,003,200	22,491,740	13,493,000	268,060						
2017	2,036,773,900	23,097,759	14,165,600	281,512						
2018	2,208,179,800	25,003,238	14,998,700	298,174						
2019	2,358,449,700	26,673,589	14,343,100	285,005						
2020	2,645,959,000	29,103,385	14,734,000	292,823						
2021	2,742,731,000	30,387,291	16,300,500	324,153						
2022	2,920,228,300	32,652,605	8,229,200	162,727						
2023	3,436,861,000	38,237,378	8,634,600	170,835						

Source: Washington County, Minnesota Assessors' Office

Notes:

(1) The tax capacity (assessed taxable value) of the property is calculated by applying a statutory formula to the estimated market value of the property.

Tot	tal		
Estimated Actual Taxable Market Value	Net Tax Capacity	Total Direct Tax Rate	Net Tax Capacity as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Market Value
\$ 1,670,262,500	\$ 19,432,956	58.359	1.16
2,002,273,500	21,812,164	54.916	1.09
2,005,496,200	22,759,800	57.016	1.13
2,050,939,500	23,379,271	56.927	1.14
2,223,178,500	25,301,412	53.420	1.14
2,372,792,800	26,958,594	54.288	1.14
2,660,693,000	29,396,208	53.474	1.10
2,759,031,500	30,711,444	52.486	1.11
2,928,457,500	32,815,332	52.152	1.12
3,445,495,600	38,408,213	49.146	1.11

PROPERTY TAX RATES – PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED TAX CAPACITY VALUE (1) DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Overlapping Rates							
	Cit	ty Direct Rate	es	County							
		Debt		Debt							
	Operating	Service	Total	Operating	Service	Total					
	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax					
Payable	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity					
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate					
2014	41.777	16.582	58.359	25.780	4.319	30.099					
2015	37.737	17.179	54.916	23.626	3.821	27.447					
2016	39.646	17.370	57.016	23.832	3.979	27.811					
2017	40.235	16.691	56.927	23.777	4.015	27.792					
2018	39.093	14.327	53.420	23.395	3.895	27.290					
2019	39.321	14.967	54.288	23.251	3.745	26.996					
2020	38.752	14.722	53.474	22.878	3.419	26.297					
2021	39.570	12.916	52.486	21.510	3.413	24.923					
2022	39.409	12.743	52.152	22.481	2.671	25.152					
2023	37.283	11.863	49.146	19.164	2.455	21.619					

Source: Washington County, Minnesota Auditor's Office.

Notes:

(1) Property tax rates (tax capacity rates) are determined by dividing the total tax levy by the tax capacity (assessed value). The tax capacity is calculated by applying a statutory formula to the estimated market value of the property.

	Overlappi	ng Rates		
	School		Other	
•	Debt	_		
Operating	Service	Total	Total	Total
Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax
Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity
Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
12.661	10.489	23.150	4.641	116.249
11.183	9.941	21.124	4.183	107.670
15.051	4.798	19.849	4.568	109.244
15.381	5.009	20.390	4.345	109.454
14.317	5.032	19.349	4.175	104.234
9.267	9.174	18.441	3.994	103.719
6.690	8.631	15.321	3.593	98.684
9.769	7.509	17.278	3.593	98.279
12.079	7.423	19.502	3.429	100.235
11.009	6.134	17.143	2.974	90.882

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Taxes L	evied for the Fi	scal Year	Collecte Fiscal Y				
Fiscal Year	Operating Tax Levy					Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	
2014	\$ 7,606,066	\$ 3,018,920	\$ 10,624,986	\$ 10,498,732	98.8 %	\$	93,790	
2015	7,825,610	3,545,643	11,371,253	11,260,937	7 99.0		94,630	
2016	8,365,422	3,706,945	12,072,367	11,973,407	99.2		77,232	
2017	8,857,823	3,716,516	12,574,339	12,512,313	99.5		-	
2018	9,379,459	3,480,056	12,859,515	12,793,360	99.5		-	
2019	9,914,425	3,815,301	13,729,726	13,622,034	99.2		_	
2020	10,587,577	4,066,526	14,654,103	14,516,018	99.1		_	
2021	11,270,799	3,723,155	14,993,954	14,776,386	98.5		111,553	
2022	12,032,975	3,934,822	15,967,797	15,855,531	99.3		(137, 335)	
2023	13,265,987	4,261,760	17,527,747	17,428,836	99.4		(19,817)	

⁽¹⁾ Beginning with payable 2012, the MVHC program was discontinued.

Total Collect	ions to Date						
Total	Percentage	Ab	atements	MVHC	Out	tstanding	Percentage
Tax	of	to Total		Collection	Delinquent		of Levy
Collection	Levy	T	ax Levy	Unallotment (1)	Taxes		Outstanding
\$ 10,592,522	99.7 %	\$	27,844	N/A	\$	4,620	0.0 %
11,355,567	99.9		8,817	N/A		6,869	0.1
12,050,639	99.8		4,567	N/A		17,161	0.1
12,512,313	99.5		3,057	N/A		58,969	0.5
12,793,360	99.5		762	N/A		65,393	0.5
13,622,034	99.2		762	N/A		106,930	0.8
14,516,018	99.1		18,359	N/A		119,726	0.8
14,887,939	99.3		7,233	N/A		98,782	0.7
15,718,195	98.4		52,329	N/A		59,937	0.4
17,409,018	99.3		31,976	N/A		66,936	0.4

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2023					2014					
Taxpayer		Net Tax Capacity	Rank	Percentage of Total City Tax Capacity		Net Tax Capacity	Rank	Percentage of Total City Tax Capacity			
Stillwater Health System	\$	480,546	1	1.25% %	\$	275,068	1	1.420 %			
Lodge at Stillwater, LLC	,	390,599	2	1.02%	Ť	-,					
Stillwater MP 2021 LLC		309,044	3	0.80%							
Lakeview Memorial Hospital Assoc. LLC		224,704	4	0.59%							
Midnight Real Estate II, LLC		200,890	5	0.52%							
Dayton Hudson Corporation		193,494	6	0.50%		170,192	3	0.880			
Valley Ridge Holding LLC		191,462	7	0.50%							
Diasorin		182,480	8	0.48%		114,602	6	0.590			
Cub Stores		171,154	9	0.45%							
Xcel Energy		165,262	10	0.43%		243,102	2	1.250			
Supervalu Holdings						143,554	4	0.740			
Mikden of Stillwater LLC				0.00%		116,488	5	0.600			
Southmetro Centers				0.00%		108,492	7	0.560			
Stillwater MP I LLC						102,810	8	0.530			
Gartner Properties, LLC				0.00%		100,456	9	0.520			
Gen3 LLC				0.00%		92,594	10	0.480			
Total	\$ 2	2,509,635		6.53% %	\$	1,467,358		7.570 %			

Source: Washington County, Minnesota Auditor's Office



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RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities														
Fiscal Year	GO General Government Bonds (1) (2)	Ţ,	GO provement Bonds (1) (3)	GO Revenue Bonds (1) (4)	GO Tax Increment Bonds (1) (5)	Tax Increme Revenu Bonds (е	Other Capital Long-Term Lease Debt		<u>F</u>	Bond Premium		Total vernmental Activities		
2014	\$ 23,835,000	\$	-	\$ 1,755,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	492,104	\$	30,582,104
2015	18,630,000		-	1,420,000	4,325,000		-		-		-		445,032		24,820,032
2016	21,655,000		-	1,065,000	6,585,000	6,585,0	000		-		-		1,185,624		37,075,624
2017	21,755,000		-	465,000	6,375,000	6,175,0	000		-		-		1,208,622		35,978,622
2018	25,425,000		-	315,000	6,150,000	5,790,0	000		-		-		1,289,697		38,969,697
2019	25,615,000		-	160,000	2,450,000	4,395,0	000		-		-		1,607,364		34,227,364
2020	22,680,000		-	-	2,260,000	4,995,0	000		-		-		1,481,653		31,416,653
2021	22,350,000		-	-	2,060,000	4,585,0	000		-		191,813		1,433,541		30,620,354
2022	23,730,000		-	-	1,855,000	4,165,0	000		-		344,789		1,412,065		31,506,854
2023	25,150,000		-	-	1,645,000	3,730,0	000		-		878,660		1,382,873		32,786,533

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) General obligation debt which is backed by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the City.
- (2) General government bonds are to be repaid from general tax levies.
 (3) Improvement bonds are expected to be repaid primarily from the special assessments to benefitted properties.
- (4) Revenue bonds are expected to be paid from revenues generated from the project.
- (5) Tax increment bonds are to be paid from the pledged tax increment revenues.
- (6) Information not available is labeled N/A.
- (7) See the *Demographic and Economic Statistics* schedule on page 144 for personal income and population data.
- Information not available is labeled N/A.

Enterpris	se Fu	nds							
Water Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bond		Total Business-Type Funds		Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income (6) (7) (8)	Per Capita (7) (8)	
\$ 1,425,000 1,345,000	\$	41,905 37.270	\$	1,466,905 1,382,270	\$	32,049,009 26,202,302	33.26 46.29	\$	1,612 1,314
1,265,000		32,828		1,297,828		38,373,452	27.65		1,877
1,180,000		28,584		1,208,584		37,187,206	34.95		1,822
1,095,000		24,544		1,119,544		40,089,241	N/A		1,957
1,010,000		20,708		1,030,708		35,258,072	37.24		1,710
920,000		17,083		937,083		32,353,736	24.96		1,589
830,000		13,728		843,728		31,464,082	40.33		1,579
735,000		10,706		745,706		32,252,560	47.40		1,619
640,000		8,027		648,027		33,434,560	47.29		1,688

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Net Genera	ıl Bo	nding					
Fiscal	Gross Bonded		Less Debt Service		Net Bonded	Percentage of Estimated		Per
Year	Debt (1)		Fund (2)		Debt	Market Value (3)	Ca	pita (4)
						,	_	
2014	\$ 24,327,104	\$	4,437,291	\$	19,889,813	1.2	\$	1,053
2015	19,075,032		5,938,539		13,136,493	0.7		665.00
2016	22,840,624		10,197,146		12,643,478	0.6		642.03
2017	22,963,622		8,969,528		13,994,094	0.7		708.63
2018	26,714,697		9,492,662		17,222,035	0.8		864.78
2019	27,222,364		6,700,225		20,522,139	0.9		996.22
2020	24,161,653		6,796,178		17,365,475	0.7		878.51
2021	23,783,541		6,796,178		16,987,363	0.6		875.91
2022	25,142,065		6,796,178		18,345,887	0.6		942.55
2023	26,532,873		6,796,178		19,736,695	0.6		1,016.05

- (1) Amount does not include debt to be paid from special assessments, tax increments or other revenues.
- (2) Amount available for repayment of general obligation bonds, as determined in Note (1) above.
- (3) See Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property schedule on page 131 for property value data.
- (4) See the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule on page 144 for population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of December 31, 2023

	_0	Debt utstanding		Percentage Applicable to City (2)	_	Net Amount Applicable to City
Direct:						
City of Stillwater	\$	32,786,533		100%	\$	32,786,533
Overlapping:						
Washington County School Districts:		98,060,000	(1)	7.2%		7,060,320
#834-Stillwater		74,620,000	(1)	23.6%		17,610,320
Washington County HRA		33,280,140	(1)	7.2%		2,396,170
Metropolitan Council/Regional Transit	1,	694,829,000	(1)	9.0%		152,534,610
Total Overlapping						179,601,420
Total Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt:					\$	212,387,953

- (1) Information obtained from Washington County, Minnesota Auditor's office.
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using tax capacity values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of each entity's tax capacity that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by that entity's total tax capacity.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fisca	l Year	
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Estimated Market Value (1)	\$ 1,774,367,400	\$ 2,002,273,500	\$ 2,093,975,600	\$ 2,137,240,800
Debt limitation (2)	53,231,022	60,068,205	62,819,268	64,117,224
Debt applicable to limit: Total bonded debt Less: GO Revenue bonds Less: GO TIF bonds Less: TIF Revenue bonds	30,090,000 (1,755,000) (4,500,000)	24,375,000 (1,420,000) (4,325,000)	35,890,000 (1,065,000) (6,585,000) (6,585,000)	34,770,000 (465,000) (6,375,000) (6,175,000)
Total debt applicable to limitation	23,835,000	18,630,000	21,655,000	21,755,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 29,396,022	\$ 41,438,205	\$ 41,164,268	\$ 42,362,224
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	44.78%	31.01%	34.47%	33.93%

- (1) Information obtained from Washington County, Minnesota Assessor's Office(2) Under *Minnesota State Statues*, the City of Stillwater's net debt cannot exceed 2% of the estimated market value. Beginning in 2008, the percentage that the debt limit can not exceed the estimated market value changed from 2% to 3%.

Fiscal Year										
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023					
\$ 2,305,780,800	\$ 2,447,760,700	\$ 2,660,693,000	\$ 2,759,031,500	\$ 2,920,228,300	\$ 3,436,861,000					
69,173,424	73,432,821	79,820,790	82,770,945	87,606,849	103,105,830					
37,680,000 (315,000) (6,150,000) (5,790,000)	32,620,000 (160,000) (2,450,000) (4,395,000)	29,935,000 (160,000) (2,260,000) (4,995,000)	29,825,000 - (5,415,000) (2,060,000)	30,485,000 - (4,900,000) (1,855,000)	31,165,000 - (3,090,000) (1,645,000)					
25,425,000	25,615,000	22,520,000	22,350,000	23,730,000	26,430,000					
\$ 43,748,424	\$ 47,817,821	\$ 57,300,790	\$ 60,420,945	\$ 63,876,849	\$ 76,675,830					
36.76%	34.88%	28.21%	27.00%	27.09%	25.63%					

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City of S	tillwater			hington Co	County		
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2) (6)	Personal Income (2) (3) (5)		Per Capita Income (3) (5)		Unemployment Percentage (4)	
2014	18,892	\$ 1,017,013	\$	13,419,583	\$	53,833	3.6	
2015	19,754	1,148,952		14,633,536		58,163	3.7	
2016	19,693	1,025,218		13,177,844		52,060	3.6	
2017	19,748	1,257,572		16,324,416		63,681	2.8	
2018	19,915	N/A		N/A		N/A	3.4	
2019	20,600	1,311,829		16,653,346		63,681	2.5	
2020	19,767	1,258,782		16,732,055		63,681	2.9	
2021	19,394	1,235,029		17,038,998		63,681	2.9	
2022	19,464	1,493,531		20,891,020		76,733	2.9	
2023	19,425	1,550,387		22,021,692		79,814	1.7	

- (1) Estimates from Metropolitan Council
- (2) Thousand of dollars.
- (3) Information from State Demographers Office (Bureau of Economic Analysis Report).
- (4) Information from Jobs Training Research Statistics Department.
- (5) Information not available is labeled N/A.
- (6) The estimated personal income for the City of Stillwater and County is calculated by taking the per capi income of Washington County and multiplying it by the City's and County's population. The per capita income used is for that of Washington County, in which the City resides, the smallest region applicable to the City that this information is available for.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2023			2014	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
County of Washington	1,400	1	32.4%	1,128	1	25.3%
Stillwater Public Schools	1,000	2	23.1%	1,029	2	23.1%
Lakeview Memorial Hospital	500	3	11.6%	753	3	16.9%
DiaSorin, Inc	350	4	8.1%	340	5	7.6%
Stillwater Medical Clinic	220	5	5.1%	349	4	7.8%
Cub Foods, Inc	216	6	5.0%	153	9	3.4%
Target Corporation	200	7	4.6%	200	6	4.5%
City of Stillwater	161	8	3.7%	153	8	3.4%
Minnesota Correctional Facility	145	9	3.4%	-		0.0%
Monderninstic	135	10	3.1%	-		0.0%
St. Croix Boat & Packet				150	10	3.4%
Associated Eye			0.0%	200	7	4.5%
Total	4,327		100%	4455		99.8%

Source: Bond Document Official Statement pg A7

FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Government										
MIS	1.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.80	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
Finance	3.50	3.70	3.70	3.55	4.50	3.65	4.25	4.25	3.70	3.70
Human Resources	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	1.30	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Administration	3.40	3.70	3.70	3.70	4.60	3.60	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
Legal/City Attorney	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Plant/City Hall	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Community Development	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.75	3.00	3.75	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00
Public Safety										
Police	24.75	24.75	25.00	26.00	25.00	26.00	27.00	27.00	28.00	30.00
Fire	11.25	11.25	11.50	11.50	11.75	12.75	12.75	12.88	14.00	14.00
Inspections	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Public Works										
Engineering	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	3.25	3.25	3.25	2.95	2.95
Streets	6.50	6.75	6.75	5.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75	7.60	7.10
Culture & Recreation										
Library	11.70	12.35	13.23	10.95	11.70	11.70	11.80	14.43	15.10	15.60
Parks	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	7.25	8.25	7.25	7.25	8.00
Sanitary Sewer	3.20	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	4.70	3.95	4.70	4.70
Storm Sewer	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	3.35	4.35	4.35	4.20	4.20
Signs & Lighting	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.90	0.65
Water	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.30	5.70	5.70
Parking	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	1.10
Total	86.00	86.50	89.65	91.50	94.75	99.00	103.75	107.06	113.80	116.30

Source: City Finance Department

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units Fire	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	14
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Trucks	13	13	13	12	12	13	12	12	12	12
Fire Boat	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rescue Boat	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Rescue Dispatch	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Special Ops Trailer	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Lights	1,330	1,332	1,337	1,643	1,643	1,630	1,630	1630	1630	1656
Vehicles	32	30	28	32	32	32	32	32	32	34
Streets (miles)	90.24	91.28	91.28		100.64	92.85	92.85	97.81	97.81	97.81
Sidewalks (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	61.35	61.35	57.99	57.99	57.99	57.99	57.99
Culture & Recreation										
St Croix Valley Recreation Center										
Sheets of Ice	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Field House	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Library	4		4	4						
Building Parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	34	36	36	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Internal Trails	19.2	19.81	19.81	N/A						
Paved Trails	N/A	N/A	N/A	15.97	16.00	16.00	16	17	23.35	24.35
Natural Trails	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.17	6	6	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2
Park Acres	576	583	583	614	614	614	614	614	614	614
Park Shelters	30	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Basketball Courts	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Boat Launches	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fishing Pier	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Horseshoe Courts	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
Skating Rinks	11	7	7	7	7	7	7	5	4	3
Soccer Fields	7	13	13	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Softball Fields	12	6	6	13	13	13	13	11	11	11
Swimming Beach	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0
Tennis Courts	11	11	11 4	11	11	11	11	7	4	4
Volleyball Courts Bathroom Facilities	4 6	4 7	7	4 7	4 6	4 6	4 6	3 6	3 6	2 6
Pickle Ball Courts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	16	16
	Ü	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	O	Ū	O	10	10
Sanitary Sewer	00.40	00.40	00.40	00.00	02.20	02.00	02.00	00.47	00.47	02.47
Collection System (miles) Sewer Connections	89.13	89.13	89.13	90.99	92.29		92.99	93.17	93.17	93.17
Lift Stations	6,466 13	6,495 13	6,495 13	6,554 13	6,573 13	6,691 13	6,691 13	6,734 13	6,795 13	6,813 13
Storm Sewer										
Pipe (miles)	79.61	79.61	79.61	81.03	81.96	70.17	82	82.37	82.80	82.80
Water										
Water Line (Miles)	0	0	0	0	0	0	Λ	105.51	105.51	105.51
Water Storage Tanks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4
Wells	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		8	8
Pump Houses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	10
Parking										
				_	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4
Paylots/Permit Parking	9	9	9	9	11	11	11	11	11	11

Source: Various City Departments

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year						
Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017			
General Government							
Elections	2	_	2	_			
Registered voters	12,284	_	13,829	_			
Number of votes cast	8,107	_	11,814				
Voter participation (registered)	61.1%	0.0%	84.6%	0.0%			
Public Safety							
Police							
Part I Offenses	492	533	460	458			
Part II Offenses	785	1,106	1,054	1,260			
Part III, IV & V Offenses	8,503	8,656	9,255	9,115			
Traffic Violations	2,908	2,294	2,022	1,995			
Fire	,	, -	,-	,			
Medical	1,138	1,266	1,354	1,383			
Fire	45	82	45	63			
False Alarm	151	133	155	149			
Inspections	509	149	295	272			
Other Services	209	170	128	151			
Miscellaneous	272	187	144	167			
Inspections	212	107	144	107			
Building Permits	1,230	1,504	1,233	2,193			
Inspections	3,060	3,075	2,921	4,123			
Value of Building Permits	·	\$42,679,109					
value of building Fermits	φ37,000,343	\$42,679,109	φ33,010,317	Ф 01,434,729			
Public Works							
General Maintenance (hours)	12,571	16,450	14,318	14,580			
Trash Pickup (hours)	1,525	1,795	2,260	2,076			
Snow Removal (hours)	4,568	2,154	2,704	2,409			
New Construction (hours)	661	474	252	92			
New Construction (nodis)	001	474	202	32			
Culture and Recreation							
St Croix Valley Recreation Center							
Recreation Center - (hours)	3,487	3,197	4,788	5,292			
Fieldhouse - (hours)	1,438	1,434	982	1,095			
Lily Lake - (hours)	926	915	1,239	1,054			
Recreation Maintenance (hours)	6,619	6,168	6,019	6,340			
Library	,	,	,	,			
Collection Size	101,882	102,089	91,140	93,720			
Circulation (checked out)	325,920	320,921	324,370	337,627			
Internet Sessions	20,391	25,064	24,364	14,300			
Program Attendance	7,441	8,737	9,029	9,369			
Parks	.,	-,	5,5=5	5,555			
Park Reservations	235	215	240	208			
Park Maintenance (hours)	5,586	9,078	8,765	8,131			
Sanitary Sewer							
•	4.060	0.700	0.604	0.007			
Sewer Work (hours)	1,268	2,723	2,624	2,807			
Parking							
Monthly Parking Permits	3,984	6,150	5,783	5,807			
Monday Landing Lonnito	5,554	0,100	5,705	5,507			

Source: Various City Departments

Notes:

Information not available is labeled N/A.

Monthly Parking Permits dropped in 2020 & 2021 because fees were waived for a time

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	Fiscal Year										
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023						
0		2	4	2	4						
2	-	3	12.020	2	1						
13,454	-	7,554	13,936	14,044	N/A						
10,697	-	6,818	N/A	10,631	N/A						
79.5%	0.0%	90.25%	N/A	383	N/A						
622	288	291	231	189	341						
1,042	572	501	321	343	244						
8,689	8,900	8,207	8,670	8,332	7153						
2,326	729	887	1,085	498	395						
1,175	1,304	1203	1441	1,501	1566						
65	69	183	217	233	484						
127	163	131	141	131	138						
700	637	655	646	469	200						
244	208	279	352	442	359						
189	297	142	128	84	51						
103	231	172	120	04	31						
2,236	1,496	1,532	1,509	1,743	1,802						
6,038	4,339	4,484	4,128	3,922	4,150						
\$89,160,498	\$48,416,094	\$ 57,821,811	\$ 50,473,333	\$ 66,325,204	83,945,309						
1,771	15,116	15,000	15,453	12,755	13,563						
1,927	2,087	2,000	2,380	1,927	1,921						
4,860	4,479	4,500	4,500	4,513	4,541						
853	442	440	535	284	131						
5,054	7,477	3,126	3,816	2,728	7,363						
1,475	2,477	677	1,091	890	2,681						
1,843	1,762	1,075	1,126	760	2,337						
7,581	10,425	630	5,724	6,567	18,572						
90,343	90,763	89,917	95,215	96,350	93,348						
323,876	372,483	247,164	345,359	409,282	432,845						
13,602	12,615	3,248	4,207	6,232	194,229						
11,960	12,921	10,353	10,624	16,965	18,861						
244	236	0	244	236	273						
11,343	10,046	10,000	11,500	9,613	11,690						
4,174	3,025	5,302	5,125	10,719	10,997						
9,365	6,681	264	188	84	295						